STREET CARS.

S CHRONOMETER

M. to 8 P. M., 10 Minutes Apart.
M. till 11 P. M., 20 Minutes Apart.
M. to 8.40 P. M., 10 Minutes Apart.
follows

M	From S [illegible]	[illegible]	11 P. M.
etc	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
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	From S [illegible]	[illegible]	20 P. M. La. Car
etc	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
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etc	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
etc	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
etc	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

DD, Superintendent.

MEDICAL

THE UNFORTUNATE.

REMEDIES' NEW REMEDIES

Dr. Gibbon's Dispensary,

623 KEARNEY STREET NEAR COMMERCIAL, San Francisco. Established in 1854 for the treatment of Sexual and Seminal Diseases, such as Gonorrhea, Gleet, Stricture, Syphilis in all its forms, Seminal Weakness, Impotency, etc. Skin Diseases of years standing and Ulcerated Legs successfully treated.

BBON has the pleasure of announcing that turned from visiting the principal Hospi rope and has resumed practice at his Dis 623 Kearney street corner of Commercial, cisco where his old patients and those re his services may find him ctor has spared neither time nor money in out new remedies and has returned with facilities for the alleviation of human suf

Horrible Diseases.

any thousands of persons both male and re there who are suffering from a miserable from the effects of secret indulgences, s absorbed into the system. Look at their maciated and disfigured faces and their own constitutions disqualifying them for ness of marriage or the enjoyment of mind situation thousands suffer until death scene. Let parents guardians friends a hose who are suffering with any of these life-destroying maladies—see that they are and cured before it is too late. Send tly to DR. GIBBON a physician who has vate diseases his especial study for years, is certain to cure the most inveterate case, mercury or any injurious drugs. It is im those who are afflicted or to those who sted in the welfare of their friends to be the many pretended doctors who infest ublishing their skill in curing all diseases ays imposing upon the public by using s of eminent physicians from Europe and ces. Be therefore careful and make inqu r you may fall into the hands of those n.

Seminal Weakness.

l Emissions the consequence of self abuse, ary vice or depraved sexual indulgence ly the youth of both sexes to an almost extent, producing with unerring certain llowing train of morbid symptoms unless by scientific medical measures, viz: Sal kness dark spots under the eyes pain in ringing in the ears noise like the rustling and rattling of chariots uneasiness about weakness of the limbs confused vision ntellect, loss of confidence diffidence in ing strangers a dislike to form new ac ces, disposition to shun society loss of hectic flushes pimples and various erup ut the face furred tongue fetid breath, onsumption night sweats monomania and nsanity. If relief be not obtained imme nediately either in person or by letter and re effected by his new and scientific mode this disease which never fails to effect k and radical cure. Dr G will give One Dollars to any person who will prove sat to him that he was cured of this com either of the San Francisco quacks.

Married Men,

ho contemplate marriage, who are suffer any of these fearful maladies should not sacred responsibility resting upon them to obtain immediate relief. BON is responsible and will give to each written instrument binding himself to ef lical and permanent cure or make no

Cured at Home.

at a distance may be CURED AT HOME, sing a letter to Dr Gibbon stating case, length of time the disease has continued medicines promptly forwarded free from nd curiosity to any part of the country and plain directions. By inclosing Ten n in registered letter through the Post rough Wells Fargo & Co a package of will be forwarded to any part of the ll communications strictly confidential.

Caution to the Unfortunate

f the San Francisco quacks and pre o with bogus sworn to certificates dupe y. Some of the self styled doctors whose to be found in the daily and weekly s of San Francisco and other places are and became too lazy to work at their ne are tinsmiths shoemakers newspaper ntelligence office keepers etc. The only nd imposition is to make inquiry—it will othing and may save you many regrets ertaining physicians in eight cases out of gns, there is no safety in trusting any of you know who and what they are. Dr es not deceive people by exhibiting bogus ficates pretended patients' letters etc. will satisfy persons who may call at his s ability to treat diseases that he proposes

DR. J P GIBBON, 623 Kearney street cor e cial San Francisco Postoffice Box 1957 LETTO BOX 1957 ON THE LET- ultations FREE respondents will please inform DR. GIB hey read his advertisement in the DAILY
lyodp

DISTRICT COURT—DISTRICT OF OR Notice in Bankruptcy—In the matter of ealey bankrupt. Notice is hereby given ion has been filed in said Court by said ealey duly declared bankrupt under the gress of March 1867 for a discharge icate thereof from all his debts and and other claims provable under said that the 18th day of July 1874 at 10 M, is assigned for the hearing of the H H Northup Esq Register in Bank his office in Portland in said District, where any person may attend and show hy they have why the prayer of said pe ld not be granted

R WILCOX
Clerk of said Court.

ISTRICT COURT of the United States for rict of Oregon. In the matter of Thomas bankrupt—In bankruptcy. District of I hereby give notice that a final meet creditors of said bankrupt will be held of H H Northup Register in Bankrupt n No 8 in Dekum's building Portland in t on the 18th day of July A D 1874 at 11 for the purposes named in the 27th and ns of the Bankrupt Act approved March n I shall file my final account and apply arge from all liability as assignee of said estate.

June 25 1874
GEO T MYERS Assignee

DISTRICT COURT—DISTRICT OF ORE Notice in Bankruptcy—In the matter of e estates of C B Comstock and J L ankrupts. Notice is hereby given that a sec eral meeting of the creditors of the seps. of each of said bankrupts will be held of Portland in said district on the 18th r A D 1874 at 1 o'clock P M at the H Northup Esq No 8 in Dekums Register in Bankruptcy in said District, poses named in the 27th Section of the Act of March 1868

874—dlaw t J BROOKE Assignee.

DISTRICT COURT FOR DISTRICT OF District of Oregon ss—In the matter of y bankrupt. In Bankruptcy. I hereby that a final meeting of the creditors of H H upt will be held at the office of H H Esq Register in Bankruptcy in said Dis Dekum's Building Portland [illegible] 28th day of July 1874 at 11 o'clock A purposes named in the 27th section of the upt Act approved [illegible] apply for a discharge final account [illegible] bility as assignee [illegible]

JOHN CATLIN Assignee.

July 6 1874

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED or the District of Oregon—In the matter than bankrupt. In Bankruptcy. Th otice that I have filed my final account of the estate of W Gilliham bank a final general meeting of creditors poses named in the twenty eighth sec Bankrupt Act of March 1867 will be e office of H H Northup Esq Register tcy Room 5 Dekum's Building P n on the 25th day of July A D 1874 P M at which time I shall apply for re from all liability as Assignee of said

H BOYD Assignee.

July 6 1874

Morning Oregonian.

VOL. XIV.—NO. 138.

PORTLAND, OREGON: WEDNESDAY, JULY 15, 1874.

PRICE—TEN CENTS.

EASTERN NEWS.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE OREGONIAN.]

DOOMED CHICAGO!

Another Terrible Fire!

A Half-Mile of Buildings in Flames.

At the End of Six Hours the Fire not under Control.

The Entire Fire Department Grappling with the Conflagration.

CHICAGO July 14—A great fire is raging in South Chicago, about the vicinity of Michigan avenue and Twelfth street. Half a mile of buildings are in flames, and all efforts of the firemen are thus far futile to check its progress. Buildings are being blown up, and the whole force of the city Fire Department is on the spot with every means available for fighting fire. The streets are jammed with teams moving goods from the place.

Later from the Great Fire in Chicago

CHICAGO, July 14—9:15 P M—The fire started about 4:30 o'clock on Fourth Avenue near Twelfth street, in South Chicago. It ran north northeast through Fourth Avenue Third Avenue State and two blocks of Wabash Avenue and a large number of houses on the eastern portion of Harrison street. It took the postoffice several churches and a large number of blocks.

The Latest.

CHICAGO 10:30 P M July 14—The fight with the fire is now between Michigan Avenue and State street and Harrison and Van Buren. Merchants continue moving far down in the business center. The last building to succumb is the St James Hotel, which has just commenced to burn. Many of the finest buildings in that part of the city have burned.

Erie Election.

NEW YORK July 14—The following officers of the Erie railroad were elected to-day: Hugh J Jewett, Thomas G Scott, John King Jr, John Taylor Johnston, M A Roberts, Frederick S Chubbards, Butler Duncan, Edwin D Morgan, H Baltzer, S I Barlow, L. H. Micher, Henry G Stebbins, R Ludnam, [illegible], W Lucius Robinson, John C Grey, Courtland Parker, Homer Ramsdell. Jewett is President.

Another War Imminent in Arkansas.

WASHINGTON July 14—A Little Rock special says that all the militia is under arms. More trouble is expected.

Notice to Immigrants—Glad to Hear It.

ST PAUL, Minn July 14—An erroneous impression prevails that the whole State is afflicted with grasshoppers. Only a twelfth part of the crop will be damaged and the ravages only effect one tenth of the State and population.

Terrible Case of Temporary Insanity.

MCCONNELSBURG PA July 14—Yesterday forenoon Mrs John Moore, ten miles south of here while in a state of mental aberration shot and killed her husband who was asleep then, with a razor inflicted horrible wounds upon the head and neck of her children and with a pitchfork almost killed another.

WASHINGTON CITY.

The Campaign against Comanches, Kiowas and Cheyennes—Letter from Gen. Pope.

WASHINGTON July 13.—General orders from the headquarters of the Military Division of the Missouri announce that in consequence of the hostile attitude of the Comanches, Kiowas and Cheyennes existing orders fixing the limits of that department are modified so as to extend the southern line of that department to Canadian river. General Pope commanding there has written a letter to the Governor of Kansas showing that the whole frontier of that State is lined with troops and that damage by Indians seems impossible. Gen Pope says he has no sympathy with trading firms who have established posts or rum shops along the Pan Handle of Texas to trade with ruffians and who have incited the Indians to this outbreak and that they must expect no help from him, that they should be punished, not protected.

Gen. Pope writes to Gen Sherman that it is only stragglers and remote settlers who cannot receive the fullest protection.

Postal Convention with Japan to take Effect Jan. 1, 1875.

By the the terms of the recent Postal Convention with Japan it was stipulated that it should go into effect after six months notice from the Japanese Government. That notice was received at the Post-office Department to-day and the Convention will go into effect on the 1st of January next a few days short of six months being named by our Department. After that date postal agencies of the United States will be withdrawn from the Japanese Empire.

Capt. Charles S. Hoyt and Capt. Henry W. Janes Ordered East.

WASHINGTON, July 14.—Capt Charles S Hoyt Assistant Quartermaster now on leave of absence, is relieved from duty in the Department of the Columbia and ordered to report to the Commanding General of the Department of the Missouri for duty at Fort Leavenworth in place of Major Dana relieved. Capt George Weeks Assistant Quartermaster is relieved from duty at Baltimore Md, and will report to the Commanding General of the Department of the Columbia for duty at Fort Vancouver W T in place of Capt. Henry W. Janes Assistant Quartermaster who is relieved from duty at that place and will report to the Commanding General of the Military Division of the Atlantic, for assignment to duty at Baltimore.

The Mail Service Between Olympia and Victoria to be Suspended.

WASHINGTON July 14—The mail route between Olympia, W. T and Victoria in the British Provinces, having under the recent mail lettings been changed so as to start from Tacoma the Western terminus of the N P R R, instead of Olympia the Postoffice Department has, under a recent decision of the Attorney General ruled that a contract can not be made for Tacoma, that the mails must continue to go via Olympia, as a recent act of Congress prohibits temporary contracts at a rate beyond the old price, and as no one can be found to take the contract at the old rates it seems probable that the service will be suspended until the route shall be advertised and a new contract made.

Indian Agents Appointed.

WASHINGTON, July 14.—The President has made the following appointments of Indian Agents: S B Parrish Malheur Agency Or; [illegible] Simms W T

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

MADRID July 13—The Carlists have cannonaded Puigcerda, without effect. They are now waiting for reinforcements. General Saballs has arrived and will take charge of operations.

LONDON July 13—Specials from Madrid report that fresh outrages have been committed by the Carlists who are reported as having nearly murdered a doctor and others who were bringing wounded Republicans within the lines.

The Emperor of Austria in Danger of Assassination.

LONDON July 13—The Daily News reports that the police of Vienna have issued a circular giving a description of a person who is suspected of a design to assassinate the Emperor of Austria.

Taking the Religious Bearing of the Attempt on Bismarck's Life.

BERLIN July 13—The would be assassin of Bismarck has been identified as a Magdeburg cooper named Cullman. He is a member of the Catholic Journeyman's Society and has lately been seen conversing with a Catholic priest. There is intense excitement in Berlin over the attempt to take Bismarck's life.

Prince Bismarck Skillfully Turns the Attack on his Life, to the Advantage of his Sovereign.

KISSENGEN, July 14—Prince Bismarck appeared in the public garden last evening, and was greeted with the utmost enthusiasm. Subsequently several musical societies and a great crowd of people serenaded him upon his return to his residence. In response to the demands of the crowd the Chancellor appeared and made an address. He said the attempt upon his life was aimed not at his person but at the cause he represented. In conclusion he proposed three cheers for the German Empire and the allied German Princes and people. It was responded to with repeated cheers.

Thanksgiving in Protestant Churches—Arrest of a Roman Catholic Priest as an Accomplice.

There is to be thanksgiving in all the Protestant churches to-day for the providential escape of the Premier.

It is reported that Kullman has confessed that he intended to assassinate the Prince and has made expressions implicating others.

A priest named Kolterer has been arrested at Schweinfurth under the belief that he was accessory to the shooting. He came from Kissengen yesterday.

CANADA

Orangemen's Celebration in Toronto

TORONTO July 13—The procession of Orangemen to-day was the most imposing for years.

A Pr[illegible] Insulted in Montreal.

MONTREAL, July 13—Orangemen, while returning from church service yesterday, their badges were torn from them, and they were otherwise insulted.

PACIFIC COAST NEWS.

CALIFORNIA.

From San Francisco

SAN FRANCISCO July 14—The [illegible] of applicants for admission to the Supreme Court were examined yesterday and to-day. Eleven altogether were rejected as unfit [illegible].

It is reported that Victoria Woodhull and Claflin have left the city and started on their return trip East.

SAN FRANCISCO July 14—Several speculators from Arizona are in this city en route to Washington to witness the opening of bids for the supply of beef to the War Department and on which they are interested.

The injunction suit of D J Collette vs Trustees of Ophir in which he prays that Lyne be restrained from acting as Trustee, that the appointment of Crow be declared void and Lyne compelled to make accounting, will come before the District Court to-morrow.

The steamer Colima took 25 passengers and 1132 tons of merchandise. General Van Buren and family were amongst her passengers. He goes as Consul to Nagaski.

It is not known yet what insurance companies in this city are losers by the Chicago fire as all the offices were closed before the news reached here. Crowds have collected at the various newspaper bulletin boards eagerly perusing the brief statements of the great disaster.

Mary Gibb was arrested to-night for insanity. She will be sent to Stockton.

The first number of the San Francisco China News was issued to-day printed in the Chinese language and under the auspices of the six Chinese companies.

Interior California

STOCKTON July 14—About 7 o'clock this morning a man named George Kohler working on a threshing machine at W H Furchild's ranch about five miles from this city was accidentally killed. The unfortunate man was tending the tail of the machine and slipped and fell on the cylinder of the thresher and was dragged into it tearing his left arm completely from his body. The machine was stopped with all possible haste and the man released but he simply moaned a few seconds and expired. He leaves a wife and two children who reside at San Andreas.

Frank Bateman who received injuries at Bantas while working on a threshing machine necessitating the amputation of his leg, is doing well.

Weather extremely warm.

LOS ANGELES July 14—The Los Angeles Tobacco Company have commenced cutting the first crop of tobacco. It is being cured by the Cuban process. At least twenty tons of first class tobacco will be raised by this Company this year.

A report has reached this city that an old and well known pioneer named Wm Mutan who was engaged in the stock business fifteen miles west of Fort Tejon was killed by his brother in law a few days since. Mr Mutan was married to a native Californian and bad blood existed between him and the male members of his wife's family. Mr Mutan was a French Canadian and was highly respected.

Geo. Milliken proprietor of an ice factory was thrown from his wagon to-day and had his leg broken.

NAST'S LATEST CARICATURE

The wail that goes up from the Republican hosts now that Harper's bull Nast is goring their ox, is something touching. In its fervency and vigor it is only equaled by the pæans which they sung in honor of that same bull when he was thrusting his Labor horns into the flanks of the Democratic ox. Mr Scammon is the chorister in the chant of horror now being raised over the Harper-Nast business and he strikes the key note at a point where the pitch includes such tones as "misrepresentation," "falsehood," "dishonorable," "[illegible]," the "contempt of honest men," "a wanton slander," and the like—all of which bellowing is most exquisite music to others who have heretofore been suffering from the thrusts of Harper's converted animal.

All this row in Mr Scammon's paper is made over the little thing in which John A Logan is represented as a muzzled dog escaping in terror from a crowd of people opposed to inflation. To many people it will be something of a question as to whether the insult in the cartoon, is leveled at Logan or at the dog. It is equally certain that, if the friends of that faithful guardian of our houses the dog—an animal who never sells out to an enemy and is always characterized by fidelity—are not disposed to take offense at Nast's representations his friends have nothing to complain of. Dogs never snap at the hand which feeds them, never waver in their adhesion to what they know to be duty, and although in their blind admiration for mutton they may occasionally harry up a little wool they never deliberately and knowing the thing to be dishonest have any disreputable dealings in cotton. Upon the whole the Times is inclined to think that it is the friends of the dog that have the right to take offense in this matter. They have the right to be heard from before final judgment is rendered in the pending difficulty.—*Chicago Times*

PINCHBACK'S GRIEF—HE IS REFUSED A GLASS OF BEER AND WANTS $5,000 DAMAGES.—At last Pinchback of New Orleans, contestant for a Senatorial seat from Louisiana is in trouble. The trouble grew out of the fact that one Hugo Redwitz a German saloon keeper refused to sell him a glass of beer. Thereupon he brings suit against Hugo Redwitz claiming that he has been damaged $5 000. There are two ways of viewing this matter. One is sympathetic. Undoubtedly Pinchback, like other mortals gets thirsty and wants beer and the mere fact of color ought not to militate against his having beer when he wants it provided he behaves himself and pays the regulation price. The other view is not sympathetic. There are people in the South who have a prejudice against Pinchback as a political nuisance. As the Civil Rights bill has not yet passed Mr Hugo Redwitz undoubtedly thought it was not incumbent upon him to serve Pinchback with beer or make his house a resort for negroes. Under these circumstances if Pinchback had had the instincts of a gentleman about him he would not have intruded himself where he wasn't wanted. The New Orleans *Times*, which might be supposed to sympathize with Pinchback does not, but on the other hand intimates that respectable and well behaved blacks have no difficulty in getting their beer when they want it.—*Chicago Tribune*

QUALIFIED AND ORGANIZED.—The new District Commissioners qualified and organized to-day. F M Stewart late Secretary of the district was elected Attorney and Dr [illegible], formerly Boss Shepherd's private secretary, was appointed Secretary. The commissioners found two sets of government machinery, the district and the territorial, employing about 400 clerks. The number will be reduced to 100. The books of the District Government and the Board of Public Works will be taken possession of on Monday next. No new improvements will be begun. Lieutenant Hoxie of the Engineer Corps has been detailed to make a survey of the unfinished improvements and an estimate of the cost of completing the same.—[illegible]

BEAUREGARD HONORED.—[illegible] Gustave Pierre Toutant Beauregard the Confederate commander has received the appointment of chief engineer of the Argentine Republic with a salary of $20,000 in gold per annum and he will sail from New York for South America within a few days. He will have charge of the defensive works and will also superintend the explorations of the La Plata river.

RESIDENCE OF THE CHIEF JUSTICE.—Chief Justice Waite has bought a large lot of 100 feet front on Rhode Island avenue from Attorney General Williams adjoining the latter's property. The Chief Justice proposes to build a handsome residence on the same as soon as possible.

LETTER FROM BAKER CITY

BAKER CITY, July 9, 1874.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN:

WEATHER AND [illegible].

Since my last the weather in this valley has been hot and dry. The roads are getting dusty. [illegible] we had a shower and thunder. Showers would be of great benefit to us in more ways than one. The farmers tell me they will not have one half a crop of hay or grain this season. Many of the farmers who had facilities for irrigating their grain and hay lands in the spring, failed to do so, thinking the cold wet spring weather would carry them through all right. Now it is too late and [illegible] water supply has [illegible].

BUSINESS AND MINES.

In town trade and business is reviving. The Virtue Gold Mining Company paid off this week quite a sum of money and have resumed work at their mill and will soon be in full blast with twenty stamps running. Mr Gus Pohl has out some [illegible] tons of rich ore from his mine near Pocahontas which he intends hauling to the Virtue Mill (a distance of 14 miles) for crushing. His ore will mill $60 per ton. The Gordon Company will do something very soon.

Sparta Ditch Company, Union county, are selling all the water they have and those using the supply are doing well. Auburn Canal Company are selling all the water they have. Eldorado Ditch does not furnish enough water to meet the demand.

CHINAMAN MURDERED.

A Chinaman was literally cut to pieces at Auburn one day this week by another Chinaman. The murdered man was found dead in his cabin robbed of all his money, coin and gold dust. The proper authorities held an inquest and the Sheriff has arrested one Chinaman on suspicion.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Our new county jail [illegible] been [illegible].

D H Jackson and J M White returned last week from an extensive prospecting tour out towards Canyon City. They brought in some rich specimens of silver ore and cinnabar which are very rich. From their account there must be a valuable mine of cinnabar somewhere in the vicinity of Canyon City.

Messrs Kellogg & Greer started up their new mail route last week. They leave Baker City every Thursday for Canyon City via Auburn, Fort Sumpter, Parkersville and Prairie City, and return same route, carrying U S mail, express and passengers.

Mr Rufus Perkins and a party of six or more persons started from Clark's Creek yesterday well equipped in search of the famous Blue Bucket diggings. Mr Perkins thinks he is on the right trail this time, being his second venture in this enterprise he deserves success. We trust he and party may return safely and with pockets full of that large nugget the emigrants speak of finding years ago.

Our young Republican friend Mr Wm Nelson is about to issue the first number of his new weekly paper devoted to the Republican cause and the rise and falls of Eastern Oregon. Your correspondent did think of starting a daily at this point devoted to the better cultivation of ruta baga and redemption of sage brush land, but the vine clad will be rather too heavy to get over.

PUBLIC OPINION

We have almost as many statesmen in the original meaning of the term in Congress, in public life as Sodom had of righteous men at the time that Madame Lot made a mess of it.—*Cincinnati Commercial* (Ind)

Whatever may be the views of Gov Kemper and his friend Mosby on the subject of a third term we have no doubt that the average opinion in Virginia after reading this correspondence will be that one term is quite enough for Gov Kemper.—*Harrisburg Patriot* (Dem)

The sooner we get back to old fashioned principles in the bestowal of office the better. Patronage is not the personal perquisite of the individual who may happen to be in power. It is to be regulated always by an enlightened consideration for the public good and the truth of things.—[illegible] (Ind)

A man needs a hide like that of a rhinoceros in order to ward off the sting of such assaults as are sure to be made upon him as soon as he becomes prominent on the political stage and very few well disposed people have candles of such an impenetrable quality. So the list of really excellent men in the services of the country is gradually growing shorter with every added year and calumniators of the press are largely responsible for it.—*Troy Times* (Rep)

The way for Congressmen to avoid fractures is to behave themselves. They fear censure simply because they know they deserve censure. The best of them are not infallible and they all in turn merit more or less rebuke and require more or less advice. This business is the office of the newspaper acting for the people and Matt Carpenter will never be able to gag the Washington correspondents no matter how desirable such a feat might be to his personal reputation.—*Chicago Post and Mail* (Rep)

Judge Poland is catching it for denying that when his gag law was framed he had no idea that it would affect newspapers. The *Toledo Blade* (Rep) calls upon the Judge's constituents to see to it that he retire at once to private life and adds: "Poland tries to explain that he did not have newspapers in mind at all when he introduced the bill but who believes it? His reason is as cogent as that on the motive of Judge Durell. Poland might as well attempt to make people think that Conkling and Carpenter did not have any reference to the newspapers when they tried to force their gag law through Congress! A man that could feebly construe Credit Mobilier and excuse the notorious Judge Durell can excuse himself. But it will be of no avail, the people are not fools. The question of animus is not relevant so long as the people are robbed of their liberties just the same. One might as well say after knocking another down that it was not at all intentional."

O. S. N. CO.'S DIVIDEND PAID TO THE JAY COOKE ESTATE.—Philadelphia July 4.—The creditors of Jay Cooke & Co. will be glad to know that E M Lewis the Trustee has received a letter from the President of the Oregon Steam Navigation Company enclosing a check for a dividend on 5,000 shares of stock held for the estate amounting to $5,000 in gold which was exchanged for currency and produced over $11,000. Other dividends will follow as the season advances as this property is exceedingly well managed and prosperous. The policy of the Oregon Navigation Company has been uniform for the last twenty years, first to pay every dollar of expenses and indebtedness and then to divide among the stockholders monthly all the cash surplus.

THE VERDICT OF THE CORONER'S JURY IN THE MILL RIVER DISASTER CASE.—Springfield Mass. July 4.—The verdict of the Coroner's Jury in the Mill River disaster [illegible] in full in to-night's Springfield Union. It censures the Legislature for inadequate and defective legislation on the subject of reservoirs, the mill owners for their parsimony and disregard of life and property, the engineers for [illegible] insufficient specifications, the contractors for manifest inadequacies and want of thoroughness in their work and finally the County Commissioners for accepting a dam so shabbily built when they had the power to order its entire reconstruction.

Worth the dressmaker says that a lady lately begged him to invent a walking costume pretty and becoming in which the women could walk with as much comfort and as little trouble as men do in theirs. "I have," he exclaimed, "but you won't wear it. I don't see the slightest objection to women wearing trousers with tunics as I have wanted them to. And there is a Persian costume which is the perfection of beauty and grace."

TILTON BEECHER

[illegible]

New York July 14—Two letters written by Henry Ward Beecher will be published in the next issue of the *Christian Union*. One dated June 27th solicits an investigation into the charges against him and is addressed to the following members of Plymouth Church: H B Claflin, H W Sage, Augustus Storrs, H M Cleveland, John Winslow and S V White. The second letter dated July 6th is addressed to the Clerk of the Plymouth Church. With it is enclosed a copy of the previous letter and the clerk of the church is asked to give all possible aid to the Investigating Committee.

The [illegible] says Rev Henry Ward Beecher has [illegible] an investigation by Plymouth Church of the [illegible] against him [illegible]. The [illegible] on the 1st of July Beecher [illegible] Plymouth Church stating that he had requested certain gentlemen [illegible] of the Church and [illegible] Society to [illegible] and detailed examination into the rumors, insinuations or charges made respecting his conduct and asked them that they approve the election and the appointment [illegible] the [illegible] to serve as follows [illegible].

[illegible] present state of public feeling [illegible] which I am [illegible] to [illegible] investigation [illegible] Mr Tilton [illegible] Church [illegible].

Mr Tilton's publication it will be remembered was made on Thursday June 25th. Mr Beecher coming to town on Friday conducted his usual prayer meeting and on Saturday the 27th wrote the above letter asking the Church to investigate the matter. The Committee has entered upon its work and will prosecute it to the earliest possible completion.

The second letter from Mr Beecher addressed to the Examining Committee referred to above is contained in the above article. It was obtained to-night by a *Times* reporter.

"BROOKLYN.—DEAR BRETHREN: I enclose to you a letter in which I have requested three gentlemen from the Church and three from the Society of Plymouth Church—gentlemen of unimpeachable repute and who have not been involved in any of the trials through which we have passed during the year—to make a thorough and impartial examination of all the charges or insinuations against my good name and to report the same to you. I now respectfully request that you will give this Committee authority to act on your behalf. It also seemed wise to me that the request should proceed from me and without your foregoing knowledge and that you should give it authority to act in my behalf so far as a thorough investigation of facts should be concerned.

(Signed) HENRY WARD BEECHER"

Mr Shearman says the Committee received the letter on Sunday June 28th and went to work the next day. Their action received the unanimous approval of the Examining Committee of the Church which met July 6th. The six gentlemen were made a sub committee of the Examining Committee. They expect to finish their labors this week although they may be delayed by the difficulty of getting witnesses—not because of the unwillingness of witnesses to testify but because of the absence of so many of them.

There were very few present at the Plymouth prayer meeting to-night owing to a storm. Mr Beecher did not attend.

POLITICAL NOTES

The Cincinnati *Commercial* refuses to admit the probability of a third term. It says Gen Grant will not be renominated because the politicians understand that he would not be re-elected. No party is strong enough to carry him through the storm of opposition to a third term. Influential men and newspapers in the Republican party would revolt as they have already revolted at the merest suggestion of a third term.

Nebraska is the latest State to bring forth an independent party in favor of reform. A full State ticket is to be elected in October and the Legislature is to elect a successor to Senator Tipton. A movement is in progress to call an Independent State Convention and it is supported by the Omaha *Herald*, the hitherto leading Administration organ. Opposition to the railroad monopolies will form a leading issue of the new party.

Discussing the prospects of the various Presidential candidates the Chicago *Tribune* thinks the tendency of the inflation vote is in favor of Morton. Speaker Blaine has no danger as a rival inside the Republican party unless Grant himself may be considered as such. His success the *Tribune* says depends entirely upon the Republican party, since he has no strength outside a party organization, and the question is whether the party will fall into a minority in the whole [illegible] before it gets a chance to vote for Blaine.

[illegible] BY THE CHICAGO TIMES JOKER.—There is a vast deal of discussion over the question as to whether hydrophobia is a blood disease or a nerve disease. As it is always fatal it does not seem to be a matter of much consequence to the victim whether it is located in his nerves or circulation.

The negroes in Washington are totally demoralized. Several of their number were arrested for stealing and forgery in office, their bank busted and their newspaper came out for Butler all in one day.

The Boston *Post* says they call it Lawng Branch there. This proves that the Boston *Post* has never been there. The real pronunciation is *Lang Branch*, with accent strongly on the *Branch*.

OREGON

Salem has a [illegible] who plays billiards.

The Oregon Penitentiary now contains 20 prisoners.

The crop of [illegible] throughout Marion county are looking well.

Fifty men are now employed on the Capitol building at Salem.

Four hundred boys went in swimming at Salem last Sunday.

Fifty two thousand bricks per day are moulded by the convicts at the Penitentiary.

One hundred and thirty two squirrels were killed by two men on the Minto place near Salem in one day recently.

A contemporary speaks of the Coquille as the grandest Oregon river, which we think is a libel on the Long Tom and Calapooia.

The reward offered by the Sheriff of Marion county for the apprehension and conviction of the party who murdered Conrad Wanner has been raised to $500.

The fronts of two buildings at Salem last Sunday were [illegible] and [illegible] valued at $[illegible] from [illegible] saloon, and a box of suspenders worth $8 from Haines' tailor shop.

Gov Grover has appointed M A Baker Notary Public at Albany for Linn county; John Hemstead [illegible] of San Francisco Commissioner of Deeds for Oregon to reside in that city.

According to reports the killing of the Indian woman in Polk county by a young man named Wayman alluded to a few days ago was one of the most foul murders ever committed in our State.

Secretary Chadwick received last Saturday the official vote of Tillamook county for State Printer as follows: M V Brown [illegible]; J M Waite [illegible]; W M Hand [illegible]; Enoch Turner [illegible]. The official vote in the whole State is M V Brown [illegible]; J M Waite [illegible]; W M Hand [illegible]; Enoch Turner [illegible].

Some days ago we announced the death of a small child of an immigrant family at Corvallis. We are now informed that the child died of small pox and that the father and two other children are down with the same disease. A number of persons were exposed before it was known what the disease was.

The party at McAlpin School House, in Marion county held on the 10th inst was an unusually enjoyable time, being attended by about 80 persons. Speeches were made by Rev P S Knight, Judge [illegible], Messrs Cranston, Bull and Luther. Vocal and instrumental music added liveliness and variety to the occasion and a bountiful dinner gave it strength.

From the Salem papers we learn that Mr Minto, a member of the party which has been surveying the proposed new route across the Cascade mountains by way of the main fork of the Santiam, returned to Salem on Monday last having completed his part of the work. He went clear through to Black Butte although the authorized survey terminated at the Cascade summit. Leaving the party at the summit he and one or two others went on down the eastern slope to Black Butte where the proposed road will join the Lebanon road in the valley of Squaw creek, a branch of the Deschutes. They found for four miles a level and smooth route through pine timber without undergrowth. A buggy could be driven almost anywhere with ease. The last five miles of the route was pursued down an easy going divide without meeting with any serious declivity. Mr Minto says that on the whole road as surveyed or viewed there will not be a hill more difficult than is Jackson's hill on the road from Salem to Jefferson. The distance from Salem to the Black Butte is only about 92 miles. The point to which the actual survey was carried is 83 miles and Mr Minto estimates the eastern declivity to the Butte 9 miles. He left the surveying party Monday morning at Smith's Ferry. They were to measure the distance from that point to Salem, as they come in. Mr Davenport will bring with him notes of the surveys by which the present maps of the Santiam river and county line may be corrected. Mr Minto says that the course of the stream is not correctly laid down on any map in existence. The report of survey will be probably laid before the County Court at its next session.

THE MODOC INDIANS.—A letter from Mr Lindsley Jones, published by the Elmira *Advertiser*, and dated Quapaw Agency, Indian Territory, gives some interesting particulars concerning the Modocs. The writer says: "The Modocs have had better health during the past winter than I anticipated. But five deaths have occurred since they came here. The conduct of the tribe is and has been as good as we could expect or ask. All seem willing and anxious to do as near as they can as we wish them to. Too much praise cannot be accorded to Bogus Charley for his evident desire to improve and learn the way of good men. Steamboat Frank is much interested in learning to read. We keep them supplied with books and charts, and when opportunity offers give them instructions. Frank and Schonchin's Pete can read pretty well considering chance and several of the others (Hooker Jim, Scar Face and others) read a little and spell some. We have them at work gardening all good weather but it is very wet and cold here this spring and we make rather slow progress. They know very nearly nothing about farming or gardening so everything they do has to be closely watched and carefully supervised. They are very good workers and show a great desire to learn how to work. We shall not be able to do as much this season as we would like on account of not having the means to procure a team and the necessary implements for their use. We are, however, sparing no pains to get as much done as we possibly can under the great disadvantage under which we labor. Not one dollar has yet been furnished for their subsistence or improvement. I have used over $1,800 of my own means in purchasing supplies for them and the school which could not be bought on time."

NOT THAT THUNDERBOLT.—Wednesday afternoon a [illegible] individual, who came from some town in Genesee county was noticed wandering around Franklin street, having considerable money and being under the influence of liquor. A policeman spoke to him and warned him that he had better look out for himself, when the young man replied: "Look out for my clif? you bet I will! Why, mister, I'm chain lightning rolled up in a ball and stuck full of red hot bowie knives. I'm a thunderbolt from the north. I'm a regular rip-up thunderbolt and folks want to let me alone." They do. Yesterday morning the same policeman found the same individual lying asleep back of a coal shed. His eyes were battered, there was a hole in his head and his watch and money were gone. Here the officer, as he poked the man with his club, said: "I presume that thunderbolt from the north wound up." The man sat up, looked around in a dazed way and slowly replied: "No, I ain't exactly a thunderbolt but I'm the durned fool who thought he was."—*Detroit Free Press*.

LARGE BROOK TROUT.—The New York State Museum of Natural History has lately added to its collection one of the largest brook trout (*salmo fontinalis*) ever captured in this State. Dr. Kay, in the natural history of the States gives the extreme length of the species as 20 inches and states: "I have never seen any exceeding 14 inches in length but I am credibly informed of one taken on Long Island which measured 20 inches in length and weighed four and a half pounds." The Museum specimen measures 20¼ inches from tip of snout to the center of caudal fin and 12 inches in circumference at anterior portion of first dorsal fin and weighs four and a quarter pounds. It was captured by W W Hill Esq., of Albany on the 19th of June in a pond in St Lawrence county emptying into Bog river near Graves mountain. He took it with an artificial fly and on a cedar rod weighing but six ounces. The specimen has been preserved in alcohol.

THE TERRITORIES

The assessed value of property in Salt Lake [illegible] is $[illegible].

All the Sound people are now making hay. The weather was never better for the business.

By order of the War Department the Post of Beaver [illegible] hereafter to be called Fort Cameron.

Dr Ostrander's house at Tumwater caught fire in the roof the other night but was only damaged a trifle.

The Olympia Common Council has given notice that all parties selling liquors without license will be prosecuted.

The mining prospect of Colorado was never more promising than at the present time, not only for the immediate future but for years to come.

The Salt Lake *Tribune* says: "The [illegible] railroad man is heading this way as fast as a lightning express train can carry him and soon his check will turn up in Utah like the [illegible]."

The victims sent over to Utah from Europe by the bilking Mormon priesthood this season are numbered only by hundreds. Last year there were several thousand of them. And still the scales continue to fall from their eyes.

Brooks Randolph of Seattle, a boy of some 13 or 14 years of age, and another boy of Mr Maine, were in the woods together playing Friday, each having a pistol, when, by some strange occurrence the former was shot by the latter, the ball and charge taking effect in the breast.

Messrs Lockwood and Shead returned to Olympia a couple of days ago from a visit to the celebrated Packwood coal mine. They went up the Columbia river to the Dalles and from there packed into the mines, located their claims and then returned to the Vancouver Land Office and notified the officers of that office of what they had done.

The *Coast Review* says: "Utah and Colorado are both in their infancy, both being wondrously rich in silver ore of a superior character. The mountains of both these Territories are lined with veins, some of which have been proven to be true fissures, and when the vast resources of these Territories become better known they will be filled with miners and their yield will be second to none of the other sections."

THE SPANISH ARMIES

Latest dispatches reckon the army of the north of Spain at something above 30,000. This is the active field force confronting the main army of Don Carlos. There must be besides these large bodies of troops in Bilbao and Santander. The entire Republican army of Spain was stated a short time ago at 150,000 of all arms. Madrid employs as many as are required to fight the Carlists, to enforce the decrees of the Government and keep order at the Capital. Cuba gives employment to not less than 40,000. The Spanish army is by no means contemptible. It is well officered and well armed. The soldiers are generally picked men and under good discipline. The artillery is said to be excellent, and the most effective branch of the service. The army of the North is well supplied with artillery—better than any equal Union force during the civil war in the United States. It has a gun for each 400 men. There is no way to get at the strength of the Carlists than by their own statements. By these statements they had over 3,000 cavalry and 100 battalions of infantry last month—all in the field. The total number of them in the battles fought with Serrano was 35,000. But they are without a permanent organization and in great part soldiers of fortune or religious enthusiasts, who after a battle, scatter and dissolve—and come together again when needed to fight another desperate battle. The wonder is that an army so irregularly composed should fight so well—for they do good fighting and are admirably commanded. Altogether, including what they have in Biscay, Guipuzcoa, Navarre and Alava, the Carlist strength may possibly reach 50,000 men, and some think 60,000 can be mustered in an extremity. The Carlist army facing that one recently repulsed under General Concha must number as many as 35,000. They have lost few soldiers since the battles before Bilbao and have gained recruits since the defeat and death of Concha.—*Sac. Union*

ETHER AS AN ANESTHETIC.—In the Pittsburg *Leader*, of the 3d inst, we find the following:

Another case of ether poison is now agitating the minds of the Allegheny people. On Wednesday evening Miss Annie Seiman, a young lady who stands in Semple's store, went to a dentist's to get a tooth drawn. She took ether to allay the pain. The operator found considerable difficulty in getting the anesthetic to take effect and was compelled to administer rather more of it than usual. After the tooth was removed, the young lady revived and returned to the store, complaining of nothing more than the sickness which would follow the administration of ether.

Shortly after her return she was taken very ill and was removed to Dr Ure's office, opposite the store. She was told to go to sleep, that she would be all right when she wakened up. Several hours afterward, when an attempt was made to arouse her, it was found that she was in a perfect stupor. Dr Ure being absent, Dr Milnor was called, but it was some time before she showed any signs of returning consciousness. Yesterday morning she was better but still unable to speak. This morning she is suffering considerably and is still unable to be removed. It is feared that the poison has taken such deep hold that it will result more seriously than at first anticipated.

A BETTING MOURNER.—A lake steamer was being repaired and repainted near one of the wharves of a Western city. A single narrow plank served for communicating with the shore. A large quantity of white lead was provided for the painters, and one night before going ashore two of them, whom we shall call Smith and Jones, thought they would appropriate some of it to their own use. So they tied strong twine around their overalls at the ankle and filled in the space between their trowsers and overalls with forty pounds more or less of white lead. Going ashore in the dusk of the evening and walking clumsily in consequence of the unusual heavy loading, Jones stumbled overboard into the lake. Of course he sunk like a millstone. The alarm was given, and immediately there were boats got out and every preparation made for the rescue. Meantime Smith stood on the shore loudly bewailing—

"Oh dear, dear! Jones is drowned! His poor wife and five little ones—what will become of them? And Jones is dead. Oh dear, dear!"

"What are you blubbering about?" said a bystander. "Don't you see they are getting ready to haul him out? He's got to rise three times, you know."

"Wh—what's that you say?" said Smith.

"I tell you Jones ain't drowned—he'll be rescued. He's got to come up three times."

"Got to come up three times!" repeated Smith, pulling out his money and changing his whimpering tone to one of excited interest. "Bet you the stamps he don't come up once!"

Perish the bauble, says, in effect, the eccentric Ruskin. The occasion of this exclamation is his election by the Royal Institution of British Architects as a fitting person to receive the gold medal which is annually conferred upon some one of merit, and bestowed by the Queen in person. The refusal to accept from the hands of royalty so distinguished a badge of honor has set all snobdom agape. The Royal Institution as soon as it could recover from its very natural surprise wrote to Mr Ruskin to reconsider, but thus far he has remained silent. What is to be done in the event of Ruskin's remaining firm can hardly be surmised. Perhaps a new Government may come of it.—*Chicago Times*

The Chancellor of the New York Law School told the graduating lawyers to marry as soon as they could, so as to develop their argumentative powers.—*Boston Post*

CENTENNIAL HALL

CINCINNATI July 14.—Mr H[illegible] Pet[illegible] engineer of the main hall of the Centennial Exposition building, to be built at Philadelphia, presented the plans of the main hall to the director [illegible] A T Goshorn in this city to-day, for approval. Mr Goshorn approved the plans and telegraphed the fact to the finance board at Philadelphia so as to enable the board to let the contract immediately. The building covers eighteen acres and resembles in the general plan the London crystal palace, as like it to be constructed of iron and glass, very little wood being used, and is about twice as large. It is 464 feet wide and 1,[illegible] feet long. It consists of a nave 120 feet wide flanked by lateral corridors running parallel with it. The corridors are separated from the central nave by broad covered aisles and the corridors are flanked on their outer sides least by an aisle. The transept, of the same general plan as the building, divides the building at the centre into two equal parts. The material is of such character as it is thought will realize handsomely at the sale after the exposition. The estimated cost of the building is $1 200 000.

A. P. HOTALING, San Francisco. | E. C. LORD, Portland.

A. P. HOTALING & CO.,

Sole Agents for the J. H. Cutter

Old BOURBON WHISKY,

And Importers of

FINE WINES AND LIQUORS.

431 Jackson St. San Francisco

And 25 Front Street, Portland, Or.

RAILROADS.

Oregon & California R. R. Co.

To Take Effect Monday, Feb. 16th 1874 at 4 A. M.

DAILY TRAINS WILL RUN BETWEEN

PORTLAND AND ROSEBURG

As follows

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Portland	7:45 A. M.	Roseburg	8:25 P. M.
Roseburg	4:30 A. M.	Portland	5:00 P. M.

ALBANY EXPRESS TRAIN.

DAILY (EXCEPT SUNDAYS)
As follows

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Portland	3:50 P. M.	Albany	8:25 P. M.
Albany	5:30 A. M.	Portland	10:05 A. M.

The Oregon and California Railroad Ferry connection with all Regular Trains.

Close connections are made at ROSEBURG with the Stages of the Oregon and California Stage Company.

Cor. F and Front Sts., at Ferry Landing, PORTLAND.

Storage will be charged on freight remaining in Warehouse over 24 hours.

Freight will not be received for shipment after 5 o'clock P. M.

J. BRANDT, Jr. Gen'l Sup't.

E. P. ROGERS
Gen'l Freight and Passenger Agent.

The Oregon Central R. R. Co.

To take Effect Monday, March 30th, 1874 at 6 A. M.

Daily Trains will run between

PORTLAND AND ST. JOSEPH

AS FOLLOWS

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Portland	3:00 P. M.	St. Joseph	[illegible]:00 P. M.
St. Joseph	6:00 A. M.	Portland	10:00 A. M.

Connecting at Cornelius with Stages for Forest Grove, at St. Joseph for all points South and West—Lafayette, McMinnville, Amity, Monmouth, Independence, Buena Vista and Corvallis.

Passengers received at Fourth street siding on giving signal to the train, but are prohibited from getting on or off the train at any other point on the street.

Passengers getting on the train at Ticket Stations without tickets will be charged twenty five cents extra.

Sunday Excursion Tickets withdrawn until May, 1874.

Freight received at the Portland Warehouse and Dock Company's Wharf and will not be received for shipment after 4 P. M.

J. BRANDT, Jr.

Northern Pacific Railroad

PACIFIC DIVISION

KALAMA TO TACOMA.

DAILY (SUNDAYS EXCEPTED)

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Kalama	12:20 P. M.	Tacoma	6:30 P. M.
Tacoma	5:30 A. M.	Kalama	11:40 A. M.

CONNECTING

At Kalama with O. S. N. Co.'s Boats for all points on Columbia River.

At Tenino with stages for Olympia.

At Tacoma with Steamers for all points on Puget Sound daily and on Wednesdays and Saturdays with Steamers for Victoria and Stikine Mines.

SUMMER EXCURSION

From Portland to Victoria and Return, via O. S. N. Co., N. P. R. R. and P. S. S. N. Co.

ROUND TRIP, $20!

To Tourists and Families forming CLUBS OF Five OR MORE tickets good for the entire season will be sold for the above rates.

This route presents to tourists and pleasure parties one of the pleasantest and most comfortable trips on the Pacific coast.

Tickets for sale at the office of the O. S. N. Co., Portland, Or.

J. W. SPRAGUE
General Superintendent.

H. W. FAIRWEATHER
Gen'l Freight and Ticket Agent.

Kalama, W. T., June 1, 1874.

The Chicago, Rock Island and

PACIFIC RAILROAD.

The Great Central Iowa Short Line

OVERLAND ROUTE.

With its connections East and West

Is the Shortest, Quickest and Best Route between the

Pacific and Atlantic,

VIA

Des Moines, Rock Island and Chicago.

THE ONLY ROUTE CARRYING THE THROUGH OVERLAND LETTER MAIL—making close and reliable connections at OMAHA with trains arriving from the West by

The Central and Union Pacific Railroads,

AND AT CHICAGO

With all EAST EXPRESS TRAINS East, North and South.

The most elegantly furnished Parlor and Sleeping Cars ever used on any Railroad are now owned and run by this Company between Omaha and Chicago.

THROUGH TICKETS to all points East, can be obtained at the Oregon & California Railroad Office, Portland, Oregon. And at C. P. R. R. offices in San Francisco and Sacramento.

Be sure your Tickets read via Rock Island.

A. M. SMITH,
General Passenger Agent, Chicago.

HUGH RIDDLE, General Sup't, Chi.

WM. B. STEFFIE, Passenger Agent, San Francisco.

The Daily Oregonian.

WEDNESDAY MORNING JULY 15 1874

THE POLITICAL OUTLOOK

The New York *Evening Post*, William Cullen Bryant's paper is perhaps justly entitled to be considered the most careful and thoughtful of the Metropolitan organs of the Republican party. It is not a thick-and-thin organ it is true for a paper that is thoughtful cannot stand by the acts of the party through thick and thin without stultifying itself. In an article discussing the political outlook the *Post* says "If straws tell which way the wind blows the Republican party has reason to expect the hardest and least hopeful contest it has fought since it came into national power." The Sacramento *Union* commenting on this remark of the *Post*, says truly that it is entitled to the greater consideration for the reason that it expresses also the views of many other of the influential Republican journals of the country. Among the straws indicating the course of the political breeze may be mentioned the fact that the only States in which elections have been held this year, namely, Oregon, New Hampshire and Connecticut, have gone against the Republicans, or those calling themselves Republicans, and that in all these the opposition showed heavy gains. The vote in Arkansas on the call for a Constitutional Convention is also claimed as a popular expression of the Republican party which bears rule in that State. The next election will be in North Carolina on the 6th of August. That State went Republican last year, but it is confidently claimed by the opposition now. Many of the other States will hold elections this fall for Congressmen. In some of them the contest will be between the Republicans and Democrats, and the result, it is safe to say, will depend largely upon the facilities each has for the employment of those means of influencing the vote which have made party tactics odious to most people who make any pretensions to honesty. The advantages in such a contest are, of course, greatly in favor of the Republicans, since they have at command the patronage of the general Government and most of the railway rings, the latter having allied themselves to the Republican party because of its being in power and able to bestow favors in return for party services. In other of the States the contest will be between the Independents and one or both of the old parties. In Iowa, Ohio, Nebraska, Indiana, Missouri, Texas, Nevada, and probably in some others the Independents will undoubtedly prove very strong, and in most of these States may elect most of the Congressmen.

The *Post* appears to think it quite likely the Republicans will not have a majority in the next House of Representatives. This appears to us to be putting it a little stronger than the circumstances justify. But there is no doubt that the 195 which the Republicans now have in the House will be cut down to a bare majority. The Democrats will gain some members, and the Independents, who now have only some five or six, will certainly present quite an array of names in the next Congress. The Republican party has now to force the question of thorough radical reform in their State and national politics, or possibly defeat this fall; and certain overthrow at the end of the present administration. It is for the party to choose which of these alternatives it will accept.

INVESTIGATION TAKING THE RIGHT DIRECTION

McCrary hit the nail on the head, when in reply to Mr Charles Francis Adams' rose-water prescription for the railway abuses he said

"Suppose your investigation discloses the fact that a given railroad has been built at a cost of $25 000 000 and that the surplus earnings have been from time to time converted into stock and divided in that form among the stockholders until the capital stock has reached a hundred millions of dollars and the company is making its charges so as to pay a dividend upon the whole of say 10 per cent. Here is a corporation practicing an extortion to the tune of something more than $7 000 000 per annum. Will a simple remonstrance stop it? If not shall it go on perpetually?"

That is exactly the point. Such a statement is, as the Sacramento *Union* well remarks "stronger and more unanswerable than the arguments of an ordinary man. It has the advantage of presenting one of the most common frauds practiced by railway corporations. There is hardly a great corporation east of the Missouri that has not practiced it more or less. Only a day or two since we found a specious plea in a Chicago railway organ in favor of one of the roads terminating at that place, which is affected by the recent legislation regulating rates of transportation. The whole capital of the corporation was stated, and on this, dividends that would give them 6 per cent were demanded, and the Legislatures were soundly and plausibly enough berated because they had fixed fares and freights so low that the desired dividends could not be realized. But the statement of the capital invested was a falsehood, in this that more than half, and probably two thirds, of it was factitious. The corporation was demanding 6 per cent interest on over $50,000,000, when in fact their actual investment is short of $25,000,000. Their demand is not 6 per cent but 15 to 20 per cent. And in some cases the extortion exceeds even this."

This is the most common form of railway extortion, probably. But it does seem scarcely credible that it could succeed anywhere. The falsehood on which it is based is so obvious that it would seem no one who is capable of representing a community in the Legislature ought to be deceived by it. And yet it has been successfully employed to befog the minds of some very intelligent persons, not only in Illinois, but elsewhere. It is precisely the same device that has been so puzzling to the intellect of the Connecticut Legislature of late, only it was presented to that body in a somewhat different form. The investigations are on the right track at last. Instead of opposing all railways and especially all further aid in the construction of railways, the attention of those who realize the dangerous ascendency these corporations have acquired should be directed to ascertaining what can be done to keep them under proper legal control, without at the same time destroying their efficiency or hindering the further development of this species of means of transportation. The suppression of railway enterprise through mistaken views of the real nature of the extortions practiced by the companies, would be less deplorable in its effects upon the prosperity of the entire community than the continuation of the tyrannical rule of the corporations.

THE UNVEILING OF THE BUNYAN STATUE

No more suggestive occasion can be imagined than that of the 10th of last month when a bronze statue of John Bunyan was unveiled at the town of Bedford, England. The monument is a present from the Duke of Bedford to the town, and on the occasion of the unveiling amidst a very enthusiastic concourse of citizens there were present and participating in the ceremonies the Dean of Westminster and many other notables of the realm. The principal speaker was the Dean of Westminster (the celebrated Dean Stanley) who was introduced by the Mayor. His remarks were a splendid eulogy upon the genius of the author of "Pilgrim's Progress," and a high tribute to his memory. Stanley himself one of the most eminent masters of modern literature, does not hesitate to place Bunyan, where Macaulay placed him, by the side of John Milton in the niche appointed for creative intellect. But the most striking portion of the Dean's address, was where he referred to the growth of the spirit of toleration during the two hundred years from Bunyan to the present day. Then a peaceable citizen of deep and humble piety could lie twelve years in Bedford jail because he preached doctrines not in accordance with the views of the State Church. Now a monument in brass is erected to his memory, by the Duke of Bedford, and at its unveiling, surrounded by a vast throng of people proud of their town because it was the home of "the illiterate tinker," one of the chief functionaries of the State Church takes the position of chief orator and pronounces a panegyric upon the character and work of the great allegorist such as would be pronounced upon those of few other men, living or dead. This is the *Now* and the *Then* of only 200 years.

THE POSTMASTER-GENERALSHIP.

On the 30th of June Hon Eugene Hale returned to Washington from Altoona whither he had gone for his health, and immediately called upon the President to withdraw his acceptance of the Postmaster Generalship. It had been but a week since his appointment and he had not entered upon the duties of his office. The President was greatly disappointed at the resignation, but considering the infirm state of Mr Hale's health he could but acknowledge the propriety of his course. The New York *Tribune* says

WASHINGTON July 1—Mr Hale's resignation to-day of the Postmaster Generalship, was quite as much a surprise as his appointment was, a week ago. But one consideration governed him in this action and that was care for his health. Mr Hale is not a man of strong constitution, and during the past winter as a member of the Appropriations Committee of the House his labors were greater than his strength warranted him in performing. His first idea was to accept the place and request Mr Creswell to remain in office a few months, until he (Mr Hale) could obtain the needed rest. This, Mr Creswell declined to do, and Mr Hale did not think it advisable to accept the office and intrust the work of the first quarter to an assistant. He then thought he would accept and do the best he could until his health improved, and acted on this idea. Subsequently, he was advised by physicians that it would be dangerous for him to remain in Washington hard at work during the hot months. His family also is not in the best of health and so all things considered he concluded to serve out his term in Congress. The President expressed much regret and disappointment at Mr Hale's determination to decline the portfolio of the Post-office Department but agreed with him that the first consideration of a public man should be to preserve his health. The appointment of a successor was discussed in the Cabinet meeting but no decision was reached. It was expected that the President would select a man to-day, but up to a late hour this evening no appointment had been announced. The place will probably be given to Congressman Glenni W. Scofield, of Pennsylvania if he will accept it.

GRANT BEFORE RICHMOND

Auguste Laugel, in an elegant essay on Charles Sumner, in the *Revue des Deux Mondes* the most polite periodical of Europe relates an anecdote of Grant which is characteristic. M Laugel being on a visit to this country at the time Grant was in charge of the military operations before Richmond, desired to make a trip to the front, and to enable him to gratify this desire Mr Sumner who was a personal friend gave him a letter to Grant. What followed M Laugel relates as above mentioned. We give the New York *Tribune's* translation of the anecdote.

Gen Grant is cold and silent. He had ordered a tent to be given me at his headquarters, but during my brief stay I never saw him except at dinner which was as short as it was frugal. Hardly a word was spoken. I remember that one day one of the staff spoke of an attack to be made at the mouth of a river and said that the bar at low tide had [illegible] feet of water on it. Grant raised his head. 'eighteen feet' said he and everybody held his tongue. When I was ready to depart I gave notice the day before, as the rule was. That day after dinner the General who usually retired at once to his tent did me the honor to ask me to take a short walk with him. It was almost evening in the month of January. 'You brought me a letter from Sumner' said he. 'I don't concern myself with politics but they say in the newspapers that I belong to the Democratic party. You may say to Sumner that I am before everything, the servant of the Union and of the Government, that, for his friends and especially for him I have no feeling but esteem. He does his work in the Senate. I am doing mine as well as I can here and I hope we shall soon be in Richmond.'

The weather report of New York City on the 30th of June showed as follows: At [illegible] A M, 74°; at 6 A M, 77°; at 9 A M, [illegible]; at 12 M, 81°; at 3:30 P M, 87°; at 6 P M, [illegible]1°; at 9 P M, 76°; and at 12 midnight, 75°. A comparison with the table for last year shows this was nearly the same as that. How would such weather as that affect the average Oregonian? One day of that sort of weather would satisfy the curiosity of any Portlander. A temperature that registers up among the seventies all night is a thing we never knew, and yet we sometimes complain of warm weather. And if New York presents these figures in the latter part of June how will her register stand in July and August.

The Liberal Republicans of the State of New York will hold a convention on the 9th of September to consider the political situation.

THE CHICAGO FIRE

Again the Queen City of the West is threatened with annihilation. A conflagration which began at 4:30 P M yesterday had not been brought under control up to 10:30 last night. The entire Fire Department of the city had been called out. Every measure which a first class organization aided by long and dreadful experience could devise had been employed to stay the progress of the flames, but to no purpose. The fate of Chicago is something unparalleled in the history of the United States. In the presence of this crushing calamity the most courageous of her enterprising population must, for the moment, stand appalled. Everywhere a profound sympathy for this unfortunate people will be felt. We shall look anxiously for the welcome intelligence that this disaster will not cause the suffering and destitution which followed the terrible conflagration of 1871. The story is briefly and imperfectly told in our dispatches. The reality, we fear, can not easily be told.

Another thing that lifts the average Congressman far above the brute whose spirit goeth downward, is his taste for the fine arts. To be sure the national treasury has paid a round sum for many a daub whose only value lies in the frame which holds it but home talent has often been encouraged thereby. Witness the enthusiastic friendship which has supported Vinnie Ream which gave her a studio in the Capitol and divers commissions for busts and things. The Congressional Library Committee has done a meritorious deed in purchasing some pictures of Western landscape. The "Chasm of the Colorado" (Thomas Moran) and the "Canyon of the Yellowstone"—by the same artist we believe—are views of some of our most sublime scenery. They are said by competent judges to be excellent works of art. In this connection we note that a committee of army officers have selected Ward's model for an equestrian statue of General Thomas. The statue will be erected in Washington, if Congress will provide a pedestal.

The demagogues who have endeavored to make it appear that the people of the West were a unit in favor of inflation of the national currency have been finely rebuked by the people of Iowa. Both the Republicans and the anti-monopolists have declared by their State Conventions in favor of a return to specie payments. The inflationists when it comes to a square contest will be found in the minority in the West as well as in the East. The American people are honorable as a general rule at least to the extent of desiring to see the Government preserve its honor. The inflationists are the noisy people who seek their fortunes in wildcat speculations. Like the railway claquers they can make themselves as numerous as it is possible for that number of men to be but when they are brought down to an actual census where a man counts only one whether he is noisy or quiet, their numbers dwindle away astonishingly.

To the Comanches, Cheyennes and Kiowas, greeting. The Secretary of the Interior has appointed as members of the Board of Indian Commissioners to fill the vacancies caused by the retirement of Cree Brunot *et al*, Messrs Theron W Butler President of the Sixth Avenue Railroad Co, New York City; Gen H H Sibley, St Paul, Minn who commanded the expedition against the Sioux in 1862, and Clinton B Fisk, of St. Louis "a gentleman of great wealth, and prominent during the war in all sanitary and benevolent enterprises." The Commission will hereafter consist of seven members instead of four. What more can the noble red man ask?

The United States Supreme Court decided in the case of *Rees vs The City of Watertown* that although a Court of Chancery may, in certain cases, issue a writ of mandamus to compel municipal authorities to levy a tax to pay off a judgment against the town it cannot in the absence of direct statutory authority order its own officers to proceed and make the levy in case the town authorities should refuse to obey its writ.

A Springfield letter of 20th ult says: The tomb of Abraham Lincoln was opened to-day, and several prominent gentlemen from the East took a look at the remains of the great martyr. The body is as natural apparently as the day it laid in the state house with the exception that the upper lip is somewhat swollen.

In the House, last session over 800 written reports were submitted by Committees. The number had not been greater than 120 during any single previous session for many years and the average Congressman asks the American people to patronize home industry—in making their nominations for the Forty-Fourth Congress.

It is a significant fact in connection with the political situation that Ashley one of the oldest as well as most distinguished members of the Republican party in Ohio is strongly talked of as the Democratic candidate for Congressman from the Toledo district.

The official vote for State Printer shows that M V Brown (Dem) has over E M Waite (Rep) a majority of 1,2[illegible] over William M Hand (Ind) [illegible]. The total vote is—Brown 10,601, Waite [illegible], Hand [illegible]21, Turner (Temp) 10[illegible].

A hundred guns were fired at Milwaukee, Wisconsin by the joyful people on the occasion of the decision of the United States Circuit Court upholding the Wisconsin law fixing freight and passenger rates on railways.

"He was cut in two longitudinally" is the brief obituary of Arthur McCullough. The up train on the Lehigh railroad was descending a mountain at the rate of 50 miles per hour, to make up 40 minutes time.

A Washington dispatch puts it in this wise: D. I. Watson has been appointed Collector of Customs for the Southern District of Oregon vice David Bushey removed. One more [illegible].

A SINGULAR COINCIDENCE.—The Pittsburg *Leader* gives this account of a suicide in that city:

The Coroner held an inquest upon the body of [illegible] Grunstein who cut his throat with a shoe knife yesterday. He was a German and has been in this country about six years. He was thirty-six years of age and has been in the habit of drinking very hard for some time. Yesterday he appeared to be very much depressed in spirits. The next thing known of him he had his throat cut from ear to ear. The jury rendered a verdict of death by cutting his throat while in a fit of temporary insanity.

This was copied into the Washington (Pa) *Observer* which adds:

A singular coincidence connected with the above is that Mr John Bonnell of this place dreamed on Saturday night that the identical party named in the above item who is well known to him committed suicide with a butcher's skinning knife and in his dream he heard Mr B— say "My God! did you ever do that?" Mr Bonnell repeated his dream on Sunday to sundry persons in this place.

MARRIED

In this city July 14th at the residence of the bride's parents by the Rev Geo H Atkinson D D Mr E W Pratt and Miss Sophia C Taylor both of this city. No cards.

NEW TO-DAY.

HE IS THERE—THAT IS FABRE THE WIDELY known Caterer at Central Market

OTHELLO NEVER WOULD HAVE MURDERED Desdemona could he have cooled his passion with a glass of Flanders's Mineral Water

TO RENT.

A GOOD CIGAR STAND. INQUIRE ON FRONT and A Street.
OTTO [illegible]
jy14tf

LINSEED OIL,

BOILED AND RAW, BARRELS AND [illegible]
At the Lowest Market Rates
HODGE, CALEF & CO.,
DEALERS IN
Drugs, Paints, Oils and Glass,
97 Front Street.

CLOSING OUT AT COST!

THE ENTIRE STOCK IN THE STORE
COR MADISON AND FIRST STREETS
CONSISTING OF
Dry-Goods,
Clothing,
Boots and Shoes,
Groceries, Etc.,
Will be sold at Cost. Must be Closed Out Immediately. Rare Bargains are offered
ELIZA FRYER,
Administratrix estate of J M Fryer deceased
jy1 d&w

Protect Your Buildings

WITH GLINE'S PATENT SLATE-ROOFING PAINT which is both FIRE and WATER-PROOF. For Tin and Iron it has no equal as it expands by heat and contracts by cold and never Cracks or Scales.

Shingle Roofs can be made practically FIRE-PROOF against Sparks and flying Embers, after the paint has had time to dry as has been thoroughly tested. The Paint has a heavy body [illegible] is used in its composition and one coat is equal to three of ordinary paint.

It fills up all holes in Shingles, Tin or Felt Roofs and Stops Every Leak.

Two Gallons will cover 100 square feet of Shingle or over 140 feet of Tin Roof.

Agents wanted in every Town. Send for Testimonials and Full Particulars.

KNAPP, BURRELL & CO.,
General Agents Portland Oregon
jy1 dlls

OREGON STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.
Special Notice!

Commencing Wednesday, July 15 1874,
THIS COMPANY WILL RUN BOATS TRI-Weekly between Portland and The Dalles

LEAVING PORTLAND—Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 5 A M

LEAVING THE DALLES—Tuesday Thursday and Saturday at 5 A M

Passengers for Wallula will leave Portland on Monday and Friday Mornings going directly through to Celilo and on board the Upper Columbia boat the same evening.

J C AINSWORTH President
July 13 1874 jy14dlt

OSCAR KILBOURN & CO.,
Auction, Commission and Storage.
BRICK BUILDING COR. FIRST AND PINE STS
Will Purchase and Sell at Auction and Private Sale
Real Estate, Merchandise, Furniture, &c.
ADVANCES ON CONSIGNMENTS
OSCAR KILBOURN, Auctioneer.

REGULAR SALE AT AUCTION
AT SALES-ROOMS,
At 10 o'clock
THURSDAY, JULY 16, 1874,
REAL ESTATE.
The 8 Lots in Block 209 splendid property. Each Lot sold separate
ALSO
Same Day—Lot [illegible] in Block [illegible]
ALSO
SATURDAY, JULY 18,
Lots [illegible] and [illegible] in Park Block No 1
ON TUESDAY, JULY 21, 1874
One GRAND PIANO [illegible] Octave
ALSO
Desirable REAL ESTATE
ON THURSDAY JULY 23
Lot 1 [illegible] and [illegible] north half of [illegible] in Block 11
SALE POSITIVE
OSCAR KILBOURN, Auctioneer

A NEW LOT OF
ICE CREAM FREEZERS
Just received and for sale by
JOHN R. FOSTER.

CITY ADVERTISEMENTS.

Ordinance No 1505.

AN ORDINANCE MAKING APPROPRIATIONS out of the Street Lamp Fund

The City of Portland does ordain as follows

Section 1. That there be and is hereby appropriated out of the Street Lamp Fund the sum of [illegible] thousand [illegible] sixty [illegible] in payment of the claims of the Portland [illegible] for [illegible] May and June.

For pay of W S Hallgarth [illegible] for repairing street lamps [illegible] June [illegible].

Section 2. The Auditor and Clerk [illegible] draw warrants [illegible] provided in Section [illegible] of this Ordinance.

Passed the Common Council July 1 1874
W S CALDWELL
Auditor and Clerk
Approved July 1 1874
HENRY FAILING
Mayor
jy15 1t

Ordinance No 1506.

AN ORDINANCE MAKING APPROPRIATIONS out of the Fire Fund

The City of Portland does ordain as follows

Section 1. That the following sums be and are hereby appropriated out of the Fire Fund

For pay of Fire Police to July 1, 1874, the sum of six hundred [illegible] dollars

For pay of witnesses [illegible] jurors in [illegible] Court two hundred [illegible] dollars

Passed the Common Council July 1 1874
W S CALDWELL
Auditor and Clerk
Approved July 1 1874
HENRY FAILING
Mayor
jy15 1t

Ordinance No 1507.

AN ORDINANCE TO PROVIDE FOR THE REMOVAL of the [illegible] from the channel of the Willamette River [illegible]

The City of Portland does ordain as follows

Section 1. [illegible]

Section 2. Said Committee is [illegible] authorized to [illegible] and to make all needful provisions [illegible] and contract for the prompt execution of the work.

Passed the Common Council July 1 1874
W S CALDWELL
Auditor and Clerk
Approved July [illegible] 1874
HENRY FAILING
Mayor
jy15 1t

AMUSEMENTS.

ORO FINO THEATER!
FRIDAY EVENING, JULY 17, 1874,
LAST NIGHT BUT ONE OF
MRS. FANNY MORGAN PHELPS'
DRAMATIC COMPANY
NO PERFORMANCE ON WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY EVENINGS
BENEFIT OF MISS LIZZIE MORGAN,
When will be presented Boucicault's great Five Act Play entitled
PAUVRETTE.
SATURDAY EVENING, LAST NIGHT!
Previous to departure for Victoria.
GRAND FAMILY MATINEE!
SATURDAY AFTERNOON.
Admission: Dress Circle $1; Gallery 50 cts; Children half price.
The Tickets can be had at the Music Store of G A Steel where reserved seats will be [illegible] Mr G T DePrans without extra charge.
Positively no free list—members of the Press excepted.

EAST PORTLAND PARK.
LUDWIG & TREUER, Proprietors.
OPEN EVERY AFTERNOON!
Music, Dancing and Games,
ON SUNDAYS.
Change of Programme Every Week.

JANION & RHODES,
FRONT STREET PORTLAND
CHARLES LANCASTER, - MANAGER
Agents for Gilroy's Dundee Grain Sacks and Hessians.
Offer for sale in Lots to suit buyers
Four Hundred Thousand Hand-Sewed Grain Sacks, 22x36.
Grain Sacks, 22x36.
Oat Sacks, 28x36 and 23x40
Flax Seed Bags, 21x36.
Barley Sacks.
Burlaps in Piece.
TIN PLATES AND ZINC.

M. AINSA, Jr.,
Forwarding and Commission
MERCHANT,
Portland—Cor. Front and Stark Sts.
Umatilla—G Street.
THE FORWARDING AT UMATILLA WILL BE attended to by my house there managed by
FRANK LAIGHTON
J P BUSHEE
All freights and charges paid and advances made on commissions.
All Charges at the Lowest Possible Rates.
Orders from Merchants of Baker and Union counties respectfully solicited.
MARK GOODS Care
M. A.
U.
M AINSA Jr Portland

NOTICE.
"CLOSING OUT BUSINESS."
PAPER HANGINGS, WINDOW SHADES, GILT MOULDINGS, etc, etc, either at Wholesale or Retail, AT COST.
VARNISHES, English or American, in any quantity, AT COST.
PAINTS, OILS, WINDOW GLASS BRUSHES, GLUES, etc, etc, AT COST.
GEO. L. STORY,
45 FRONT STREET, PORTLAND.

WM. V. B. WARDWELL,
SHIPPING
Forwarding & Commission
And Agent for
STAR LINE PACIFIC PACKETS
For
PORTLAND AND PUGET SOUND.
No 40 California Street, San Francisco
No 85 Front Street, Portland, Oregon

A CARD.

HAVING BEEN APPOINTED ORGANIST OF Trinity Church I am prepared to receive a limited number of Pupils on the Organ who will have the advantage of the use of the finest Organ north of San Francisco. For terms apply to
G. F. DePRANS,
First Street

STORAGE.
THE UNDERSIGNED ARE PREPARED TO RECEIVE on Storage
GENERAL MERCHANDISE, GRAIN AND PRODUCE,
In their Warehouse on Front street just below R R Ferry Landing.
BARNARD & GRISWOLD.

French Brig Duc de Lorges.

THE WRECK OF THE FRENCH BRIG DUC DE Lorges [illegible]
F COLBERT
J H LYON
[illegible] Improvement

DRESS-MAKING!
MISS MARY LENNON,
FIRST CLASS CUTTER AND FITTER, HAS [illegible]
[illegible]

PARTIES WISHING TO SEND THEIR friends the CELEBRATED
ROYAL ANN CHERRY,
Will [illegible]
SANDERS & ROWE,
[illegible] 5, 6 and 7 CENTRAL MARKET.

LOST

ON FRONT OR FIRST STREET IN THIS CITY on the afternoon of July [illegible] a MEMORANDUM BOOK [illegible] Cunningham [illegible] The finder will be liberally rewarded [illegible]
JOSEPH DeLAY

OCEAN STEAMERS.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO, DIRECT.
CARRYING U. S. MAILS.
THE OREGON STEAMSHIP CO S steamer
AJAX,
FRED BOLLES Commander
Will leave Portland Warehouse and Dock Company's Wharf at Foot of F street, for the above port,
THURSDAY, JULY 16, 1874.
For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company corner F and Front streets
GEO W WEIDLER Agent.

FOR VICTORIA, NANAIMO, FORT WRANGLE, AND SITKA.
CARRYING U. S. MAILS.
THE OREGON STEAMSHIP CO S Steam Propeller
CALIFORNIA,
JOHN HAYES Commander,
Will leave Portland Warehouse and Dock Company's Wharf at foot of F street for the above ports
WEDNESDAY, JULY 1, 1874,
At 4 o clock P M
For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company corner of F and Front streets
GEO W WEIDLER Agent.

RIVER STEAMERS.

Oregon Steam Navigation Co.'s
PASSENGER SCHEDULE.
PASSENGERS LEAVE PORTLAND
FOR DALLES—Monday Wednesday and Friday at 5 o clock A M
FOR WALLULA—Monday and Friday at 5 A M
FOR ASTORIA—Daily except Sunday at 6 A M
FOR KALAMA and TACOMA—Daily (Sundays excepted) at 6 A M
FOR MONTICELLO, via Willamette Slough, Monday Wednesday and Friday at 7 A M
FOR VICTORIA—Wednesday and Saturday at 6 A M
S G REED Vice President.

Oregon Steamship Company's STEAMBOATS.
Notice.
FROM AND AFTER MONDAY, Sept. 22d the steamer
E. N. COOKE
Will leave OREGON CITY every day (Sunday excepted) at 7 30 A M for Portland, returning, will leave Portland for Oregon City at 2:30 P M.
Passengers for LAFAYETTE and all intermediate places will take CARS at 8:15 A M connecting at Canemah with the steamer DAYTON on Tuesday and Friday connecting at Oregon City with the O & C R R Co at 3 P M on Wednesday and Saturday for Portland
THROUGH TICKETS sold at the Office of the O & C R R Co, at REDUCED RATES
All Freight by this line delivered to consignees FREE OF DRAYAGE.
Freight received until 5 P M
J D BILES, Agent

ASTORIA BOAT.
Willamette River Trans. Co.'s
STEAMER
WILLAMETTE CHIEF
Will leave Alder Street Wharf every
Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 6 A M
Returning—Monday, Wednesday & Friday.

PASSAGE—	Portland to Kalama	50 cts.
	Portland to Astoria	$1 00
FREIGHT—	per ton	$1 00

Portland & Vancouver Packet.
THE STEAMER VANCOUVER,
JAS W TROUPE, Master
WILL LEAVE DAILY FROM WASHINGTON Street Wharf for Vancouver at 3 P M
Returning, leave Vancouver at 8 A M
For freight or passage apply on board

The Steamer Calliope
WILL MAKE TRI WEEKLY TRIPS between
Portland, Monticello and Freeport,
Leaving American Exchange Wharf every Tuesday Thursday and Saturday at 7 o clock A M calling at Lewis River on Wednesday up and Thursday down. Will come up Willamette Slough on Mondays and go down the Slough on Tuesdays.
For Freight or Passage apply on board

People's Accommodation!
For Monticello and Freeport!
On and after Tuesday June 9th the steamer ONWARD will leave the American Exchange Wharf for all points on the Columbia to Monticello and Freeport and below Freeport when business offers.
Returning, will leave Freeport every Monday Wednesday and Friday at [illegible] o clock A M—running the Willamette Slough on Monday and Tuesday and Lewis river on Wednesday and Thursday
For Freight or Passage apply on board to
C W THAYER Captain

BLUE LICK

WHISKEY.
HAVING BEEN APPOINTED SOLE AGENT for the above celebrated [illegible] Kentucky Whiskey I am in receipt of [illegible] of the same [illegible] Barrels and Cases which I am prepared to offer to the trade [illegible]
H. FLECKENSTEIN,
SOLE AGENT
Wholesale Dealer in Wines and Liquors
No 1 [illegible] street

SOMETHING NEW!
THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE BEEN APPOINTED Sole Agents in Oregon and Washington Territory for the sale of the celebrated
"Barnett's Zinc & Platina Pens"
[illegible]
They are WARRANTED strictly INCORROSIVE, and as durable as eight steel pens
SAMPLES GRATIS!
Price—$2 50 per gross
J K GILL & CO.

Sprenger's Boarding House,
(Formerly [illegible] House)
Corner Fourth and Salmon Sts
HAVING SECURED A LEASE OF THE ABOVE [illegible] MONDAY [illegible] Boarders [illegible] rates either with or without [illegible]
J B SPRENGER.

AUCTION AND COMMISSION
A. B. RICHARDSON,
AUCTIONEER
COR. OF FRONT AND OAK STS.
Auction Sales
OF REAL ESTATE, GROCERIES, GENERAL MERCHANDISE AND HORSES
Sale Days—Wednesday and Saturday.
At Private Sale.
Large assortment of GROCERIES and LIQUORS.
Liberal advances made on Consignments.
To parties declining Housekeeping I will say that I will purchase Second Hand Furniture.
A B RICHARDSON Auctioneer.

Regular and Peremptory Sale
OF
BOOKS,
FURNITURE, GROCERIES,
GENERAL MERCHANDISE, ETC.
I will sell at my Auction Salesroom on
WEDNESDAY, JULY 15, 1874,
At 10 o clock A M,
BOOKS,
60 vol Standard and Miscellaneous BOOKS
ALSO
BEDROOM DINING ROOM and KITCHEN FURNITURE,
ALSO
GROCERIES,
100 bxs Fancy SOAP
5 bxs Family SOAP
40 cs COAL OIL
1[illegible]0 cs OLIVE OIL
ALSO
10 bbls PORTER
ALSO
100 Pieces SCOTCH LINEN
ALSO
8 Fine CHROMOS
A. B. RICHARDSON, Auctioneer.

INSURANCE.

HOME
MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY
OF SAN FRANCISCO.
Fire and Marine Insurance.
Capital..........$1,000,0[illegible]
JOHN H REDINGTON [illegible]
GEO H HOWARD Vice President
CHAS R STORY [illegible]
N B EDDY Marine [illegible]
E. H. BIGELOW [illegible]
DIRECTORS
Oregon Branch,
PORTLAND P Wasserman, C H Lewis, B Goldsmith, [illegible] Murray, Lloyd Brooke
SALEM L F Grover
ALBANY J A [illegible]
DALLES [illegible]
LEWISTON [illegible]
Agent [illegible] HAMILTON BOYD

Fireman's Fund Insurance Co.
OF CALIFORNIA.
FIRE AND MARINE.
Assets Jan. 1 1874, [illegible]
OREGON BRANCH
98 Front Street [illegible]
EDWARD HALL,

THE STATE.
Investment & Insurance
COMPANY.
FIRE AND MARINE
Incorporated in 1871.
Cash Assets, - - $300,000
Principal Office No 409 California Street, San Francisco.
OFFICERS:
PETER DONAHUE [illegible] President; A J BRYANT Vice President; CHARLES [illegible] Secretary
Board of Directors:
Peter Donahue
H H Haight
C D O'Sullivan
J D Coughlin
R Harrison
A H Rutherford
John J Marks
E W Corbett
Geo O McMullin
A J Bryant
P H Russell, Sacramento
Jno C Downey
F P F Temple, Los Angeles
Frank M Pixley
[illegible] Nye
[illegible] Wanon
Alexander Austin
[illegible] White
[illegible] Piper
[illegible] Markham
[illegible] Ivers, [illegible]
[illegible] Eldler
[illegible] Sonoma County
[illegible] W Seale, Mayfield
This Company has no connection with any Insurance combination [illegible] the Lowest Paying rates [illegible] risk being rated according to its own merits.
The undersigned having been appointed General Agents for the above Company are now prepared to accept applications and issue Policies for Fire and Marine risks at equitable rates.
A. P. HOTALING & CO.,
General Agents for Oregon and Washington Territory
N B—Agents wanted throughout the State and Territories.
jeldim

UNION
Insurance Company.
FIRE AND MARINE.
Capital, paid up in Gold Coin $750,000
Assets, exceed - $1,000,000
BRANCH OFFICE FOR OREGON,
First National Bank Building, Portland
EDWIN D BACKENSTOS,
General Agent.
mr1dtf

CAUTION.
WORTHLESS PREPARATIONS UNDER THE NAME OF
FRESE'S HAMBURG TEA,
Put up in packages resembling the genuine in appearance are now being offered for sale in this market. We therefore [illegible] every buyer to examine [illegible] and take no other than that put up in a YELLOW WRAPPER and bearing the fac simile signature of EMIL FRESE [illegible] It is fully protected by U S Trade Mark. All [illegible] parties [illegible] dealing [illegible] Legal [illegible] sold in.
REDINGTON, HOSTETTER & CO
[illegible]

PIPIFAX!
The Famous German Tonic.

The Daily Oregonian.

WEDNESDAY MORNING JULY

CITY.

CTION AND COMMISSION

A. B. RICHARDSON,

UCTIONEER

OR. OF FRONT AND OAK STS.

Auction Sales

AL ESTATE GROCERIES GENERAL MER CHANDISE AND HORSES

Days---Wednesday and Saturday.

At Private Sale.

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A. B. RICHARDSON, Auctioneer

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OF
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RNITURE, GROCERIES,
RAL MERCHANDISE, ETC.

will sell at my Auction Salesroom on

VEDNESDAY, JULY 15 1874,
At 10 o'clock A. M.

BOOKS,
Standard and Miscellaneous BOOKS
ALSO
OM DININGROOM and KITCHEN FURNITURE
ALSO
GROCERIES
s Fancy SOAP
s Family SOAP
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The Daily Oregonian.

WEDNESDAY MORNING JULY 15 1874

CITY.

WILL BE FURNISHED.—With the spirit of enterprise and feeling of local pride for which the members of Willamette Company No 1 are noted that sterling old organization propose soon to furnish up the engine house in the most finished and elegant style. Before the next meeting of the company the upper room of the building occupied by them will be finely furnished, in a manner not surpassed by any other engine house in the State. An elegant carpet from Walter Bros will take the place of the old worn and faded one which has rendered such good service, while chairs and sofas are to supplant the plain seats so long used by the company. Five sofas of improved pattern, made of heavy black walnut and covered with patent leather are now being made by a well known upholsterer of the city, and also fifteen plush chairs. These are nearly finished and will be ready for service in a week or so. On the back of each sofa will be a silver monogram of the company of unique design and fine workmanship. The seat for the President will be an elegant piece of furniture, manufactured of heavy black walnut and covered with plush silk, while on the back will be the monogram of the company carved out of wood with artistic skill. When the room is provided for in the style proposed there will be no more handsome or richly furnished apartment in the city and it is not to be wondered at that the members of Willamette No. 1 should feel proud of their quarters.

FRATERNAL VISIT.—On Monday evening a number of ladies belonging to Rebekah Degree Lodge, accompanied by an equal number of gentlemen who belonged to the Order of Odd Fellows, chartered the regular packet and started for Vancouver. The object of the excursion was to pay a fraternal visit to the members of Vancouver Lodge No 3, and to witness the installation ceremonies, to be conducted by C. W. Parrish D D G M. It was gotten up as an impromptu affair, and intended as a surprise to the members of that Lodge. The steamer did not leave here until about 4 o'clock, arriving at Vancouver a short time previous to the commencement of the interesting ceremonies. It proved a complete but most agreeable surprise. At the conclusion of the installation, the members present adjourned to Brant's Hall, where a bountiful collation was spread. Lunch concluded the tables and chairs were hastily cleaned away, and soon human feet were keeping time to the merry strains of violin and cornet. Dancing was indulged in without cessation until the gray dawn appeared on the eastern hills. After a brief rest, the visitors stepped on board the [illegible] and arrived home about 10 o'clock A. M. yesterday morning. It was an event which will long be remembered by the participants.

SUIT FOR DAMAGES.—Readers have not forgotten the collision at sea between the vessels *Hera* and *Oregonian*, off the Oregon coast some months ago. The *Oregonian* was bound for [illegible] and the *Hera* was beating down the coast. It was a narrow escape from a terrible marine disaster, but fortunately the damage was comparatively slight. The vessels crossed each other's bows, and only a portion of the [illegible] was carried away. On arriving at the respective destinations, the damage received by each vessel was repaired. But it seems after all that a suit has been instituted for damages. Simpson & Co. owners of the *Oregonian*, proposed, so we learn, to defray one-half of the expense necessary to repair both [illegible]. This proposition was declined by Mr. Holladay, owner of the *Hera*, and suit was brought for the recovery of damages sustained by his vessel. It is claimed by the plaintiff to the action that carelessness on the part of the Captain of the *Oregonian*, was the occasion of the collision. The matter is now pending and will soon be investigated before the U. S. Court in San Francisco.

IN GOOD CONDITION.—Some weeks ago an accident occurred to the tug *Ben Holladay*, while that craft was towing a vessel up the river. She ran afoul a submerged "sawyer," and broke one propeller shaft short off. Shaft and propeller were both torn clear of the boat, and sank to the bottom of the Columbia. Considerable damage was sustained by the other propeller. Owing to this accident the tug was compelled to lie by for some time. New propellers were cast, and a new shaft welded and the first of last week the tug was beached and all the damage repaired. The tug is now in splendid condition for service.

BROKEN RIB.—Mr. Becannon, the owner of the tug *Ben Holladay*, met with a painful accident some days ago. The tug had stopped at one of the yards down the river to take on board some wood. While engaged in throwing wood on the deck, a large, heavy stick slid down the bank, and struck Mr. Becannon in the right side. One rib was broken and other injuries received which have necessitated Mr. Becannon's confinement to the house for some days. Unfortunately he caught cold in [illegible] which made matters still worse, but he is able to walk about the house again, we are gratified to announce.

OUR PIG IRON.—The following from the *Commercial Herald* of San Francisco, of date July 9th, will indicate the high estimate placed on the pig iron manufactured at Oswego: "Holders of pig iron are firm in exacting full prices for No 1 Scotch. We quote Oregon pig iron at $35. Scotch do, $40@42 50, common, $36@38. Tin plate is held with more firmness. The *Montana* for New York via Panama carried 3000 pigs of Selby's refined lead. The *O[illegible]* is at hand with 30 tons Oregon pig iron (white) which is held at $35."

ASSIGNMENT OF WAR CLAIMS.—At the request of Col. James A. Hardie, Inspector General, Major H. Clay Wood A. A. General and Lieut.-Col. Frank Wheaton of the 21st Infantry, will proceed at once—Wheaton from Ft. Vancouver and Wood from this city—to Salem to confer with and aid him in his investigation of the Oregon and California Indian War Claims of 1872-3.

WEATHER REPORT.—From the records of the U. S. Signal Station of Observation, Portland, Oregon, July 14, 1874.

	7 A. M.	2 P. M.	9 P. M.
Thermometer	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Wind, direction	N	N W	[illegible]
" velocity	S	S	[illegible]
Weather	Clear	Clear	Clear
Max. temperature			81
Rainfall			0 00

AN OLD PAPER.—Librarian Oxer has just received a copy of the *New York Journal* dated July 21, 1785. Its contents consist principally of reports of the Congressional proceedings in the Colony of New Hampshire, affairs in Massachusetts, foreign intelligence, American occurrences and various matters of interest. It can be seen at the Library.

KICKED.—Fooling about a horse is not healthy sport. Yesterday a little son of Mr. E. Johnson while playing carelessly about a loose horse received a kick on the right thigh. The limb was fractured and the attention of a surgeon was required, who set the bone, and the boy was doing well when last heard from.

INSTALLATION.—On Monday evening, July 13th, the following officers were duly installed in Vancouver Lodge No. [illegible] I. O. O. F. for the ensuing term, by C. W. Parrish D. D. G. M.: G. W. Brown, [illegible] N. G.; G. W. Durgin, V. G.; M. Wintler, P. S.; J. Prechtel, [illegible]; Wm. Ranck, P. S.

STILL ANOTHER.—We learn that a young man named Henderson, in attempting to cross the Columbia near the fisheries on Monday last, in a canoe, was capsized and before assistance could reach him was drowned. His remains had not been recovered at the latest of our last report.

AT THE PLAZA.—The following programme will be performed by the City Brass Band this evening from 7 to 9 o'clock: Jubel March, C Faust; Nocturno, Bedecker; Skating Rink Walzer, Kiesler; Polonaise, Ros[illegible]; Solo [illegible] Polka, C Faust; Hurdle Galop, Parlert.

Everything is quiet at the store ... the clearance movement being over, and people can now avail themselves of the opportunity to buy their summer suits of clothing, the goods being sold at a great reduction in prices. Buck & Waldman are awake to the necessities of the hour and propose to offer their customers and others a stock [illegible] to come out in [illegible] complete in every respect [illegible] bear that in mind.

COMMITTED SUICIDE.

Under date of July 13th our regular Astoria correspondent sends the following:

Two weeks ago to-day the residents of this place were shocked by the news that Wm Davis, a young man of fine natural ability, had, while laboring under severe mental depression, by his own hand launched himself into the dread unknown. This morning a [illegible] arrived containing all that was mortal of John Fisher, a young man about 27, well known at the fisheries of the lower Columbia as one of their most skillful workmen. Fisher had been employed in the same cannery as Davis up to the time of the latter's death. From that time until last Thursday he has been seen on our streets almost constantly under the influence of liquor. On that day some of his acquaintances came down the river and persuaded him to leave town, and go to work at John Fitzpatrick's fishery. On his way up he stopped at Three Points about a mile above Brookfield, with a friend named Daly, who promised to take him next day over the river to Fitzpatrick's. Shortly afterwards Fisher by his words and actions gave strong evidence that his mind was wandering, and as Daly forcibly expresses it, they saw they would have to watch him as he was likely to have the horrors pretty bad. On Sunday afternoon he took his position in front of a clump of bushes close to the cabin and for two or three hours kept steady and strict watch over imaginary foes concealed, as he said, in the bush and ready to take his life. In the meantime, Daly started to cook supper, leaving the cabin to go a short distance for some water. He saw Fisher suddenly start and run swiftly into the cabin. A moment afterward he heard a loud cry from a man who was lying in a bunk crippled with rheumatism. Thinking Fisher, in his frenzy, had attacked the poor invalid, Daly rushed to the spot to find the former bleeding profusely from a wound in his neck made by a butcher knife he held in his hand. Daly attempted to seize the knife, but did not succeed until Fisher had made another attempt on his life by a stab in his left breast, which had the knife not have been very dull pointed would have finished him then and there. With the assistance of another a towel was bandaged around his throat and the flow of blood staunched as much as possible. Placing the unfortunate man in a boat they proceeded with him to Megler's fishery below, but as no medical assistance could be procured there and the case demanded prompt action (as Fisher made desperate attempts to tear the bandage from his throat) it was decided to pull at once for Astoria, but before reaching that place, and when just rounding Tongue Point, John Fisher's voyage over life's troubled sea was accomplished and his spirit landed on the shores of eternity. And thus ended the career of one more unfortunate—a victim to the demon rum. A widowed mother in San Francisco has written time and again for him to return to her. The friend shudders at the thought of the anguish of that widowed heart when the sad news is communicated to her. On the arrival of the body at this town an inquest was held, the jury rendered a verdict in accordance with the above facts and he was buried by his comrades.

ITEMS FROM CASSIAR.

Mr. J. H. Supple, who has just returned from the above mines, has kindly furnished us the following items of interest:

The Government trail from Telegraph Creek to the head of Deas Lake, a distance of nearly one hundred miles is fast approaching completion and will be finished by the 1st of August, making an excellent road to the mines. Several pack trains are making regular trips to and from the head of the lake every ten days and carrying freight at from 30 to 40 cents per pound. A regular line of ferry boats running on the lake convey passengers and freight from the head of the lake to the mouth of Deas Creek, some twenty miles. Deas Lake is thirty-five miles in length and from two to four in width, while its calm surface is likened to the gelid smoothness of a polished mirror. Its waters abound in fish and its shores are the home of game of every description. Deas Creek is twelve miles in length and has its rise in a small lake to the north of Deas Lake. Its course runs through an almost continuous canyon whose precipitous sides tower skyward hundreds of feet. From this fact, some three miles of the creek can never be worked. The remainder of the creek is staked off in claims, some 200 in all, many of which, as far as prospected, show signs of fabulous wealth, and will no doubt yield a handsome sum to their owners, but it is conceded by all that the majority of the claims will not pay to work. Active preparations were being made by building wing dams, water wheels, sluice boxes etc, in order to take advantage of the season at the earliest period.

The water was from four to six feet in depth and running very swiftly, but falling a little every day and it was thought would be low enough to admit of full operation by the last of July. The town is located at the junction of Deas Creek and Deas Lake and is building up rapidly, some fifteen good, substantial log houses being already finished and occupied, while many more were in course of construction. Contracts had been let for erecting Government buildings, court house, recorder's office etc. The Gold Commissioner, Mr. Sullivan, had arrived and was fast settling title to disputed claims with almost general satisfaction. Prices for provisions were coming down to a fair figure, thus lightening one of the heaviest burdens of the prospector. Men were out in every direction over the country looking for the precious metal, but no new strikes were reported.

Thibert's Creek, some twelve miles further down the lake and on the same side, contains some very good claims, but nothing extensive or very rich. The country from the first has been most terribly overrated, never at any time warranting a rush of more than 500 men. The lateness of the season is a drawback that is insurmountable, then comes the melting of snow and ice swelling up the mountain streams so that the actual working season is reduced to less than two months. Many men who went in early in the spring braving the inclement weather and hardships consequent thereto have failed to secure to themselves a claim, and, after a siege of three months subsisting on the most unwholesome of food, have been forced to quit the country penniless, many having contracted the scurvy—while others, through a system of fraud, were possessed of many claims.

If there are more extended fields found this season Cassiar will be a better camp next year than this, but if nothing is struck outside of the present diggings they can easily be worked out this fall and many will have cause to regret their trip to the British North Columbia gold fields.

THE STAGE.

A small audience was present last evening at Oro Fino Theater to witness the comedy of "Milly's Lovers" and the roaring farce of "Handy Andy." Under the present discouraging patronage accorded Mrs. Phelps and her troupe the management has concluded to terminate the theatrical season after this week. This and to-morrow evenings no performance will be given. On Friday evening Miss Lizzie Morgan, the favorite [illegible], will be tendered a benefit. Dion Boucicault's great five act play entitled [illegible] will be produced on the occasion. A matinee will be given on Saturday afternoon and in the evening the last performance will be given. Next week Mrs. Phelps and the company will start for Victoria.

We are in receipt of a theatrical paper published in Sydney, Australia, from which we learn that Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Bates, so well known here, are now engaged at the Victoria Theater in that city, and playing to immense [illegible]. These artists appeared in the [illegible] Pocket Book on the evening of May [illegible] to a very large audience. The exchange alluded to says: "On Monday evening the management of the Victoria Theater produced a new sensation drama entitled the [illegible] Pocket Book, [illegible]. It is no more than justice to the efforts of Mr. and Mrs. Bates to say that they entered thoroughly into the spirit of their respective roles, and that they succeeded was best proved by the liberal applause accorded by the audience."

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Protect your buildings [illegible] Knapp, Burrell & Co. have a new preparation which has fully [illegible] painted in the [illegible].

The entire stock of groceries, dry goods, clothing, etc., in the store corner of M[illegible] and First streets is being sold at cost. Now [illegible] call.

The [illegible] mammoth proportions [illegible] looking [illegible].

GEN. OLIVER O. HOWARD.

We are indebted to A. A. General Major H. Clay Wood for a copy of Cullum's *Biographical Register* of the officers and graduates of the United States Military Academy, from which we have extracted the subjoined sketch of Gen. O. O. Howard, who was recently appointed to supersede Gen. Jeff. C. Davis in command of the Department of Columbia.

[illegible]

He was a cadet at the Academy from September 1, 1850 to July 1, 1854, when he was graduated and promoted in the army to Brevet Second Lieutenant, Ordnance, July 1, 1854. Served as Assistant at Watervliet Arsenal N. Y. 1854-55, Second Lieutenant Ordnance February 1855, in command of Kennebec Arsenal Maine 1855-56, Assistant at Watervliet Arsenal 1856, as Chief of Ordnance during Florida hostilities against the Seminole Indians 1857. First Lieutenant Ordnance July 1, 1857, at the Military Academy as Assistant Professor of Mathematics September 1857 to June 1861. Resigned June 7, 1861. He served during the rebellion of the seceding States 1861-66. He was engaged in the defenses of Washington D. C. June and July 1861, Colonel Third Maine Volunteers June 1861, in command of Brigade in the Manassas campaign of July 1861, being engaged in the battle of Bull Run July 21, 1861. He was appointed Brigadier General

OF VOLUNTEERS

September 3, 1861, in the defenses of Washington D. C. July 1861 to April 1862, being engaged in reconnoissances to [illegible] Va. March 1862 and to the [illegible] March 1862, in the Virginia Peninsular campaign Army of the Potomac April to June 1862, being engaged in building wharves and roads and unloading stores at Yorktown during the siege of the place, April 8 to May 4 1862, and Battle of Fair Oaks June 1 1862, where he was twice severely wounded. On sick leave of absence, disabled by wounds, June 2 to August 27 1862, devoting himself when convalescent to raising volunteers. In the Northern Virginia campaign August-September 1862 being engaged in a skirmish near Centreville September 1 1862 and covering the retreat to Washington D. C. September 1-2, 1862. In the Maryland Campaign Army of the Potomac September-November 1862 being engaged in the battle of Antietam September 17 1862.

MAJOR GENERAL OF VOLUNTEERS

November 29 1862, in the Rappahannock campaign Army of the Potomac December 1862 to June 1863, being engaged in the battle of Fredericksburg December 13 1862, in command of the Eleventh Army Corps from April 1 1863, and at the battle of Chancellorsville May 2-4 1863, in command of the Eleventh Corps Army of the Potomac in the Pennsylvania campaign June to September 1863, having engaged in the battle of Gettysburg July 1-3 1863, pursuit of the enemy to Warrentown Virginia, July 1863, and guarding the Orange and Alexandria Railroad near Catlett's Station July to September 1863, en route to Bridgeport Tennessee, September 24 to October 1 1863, in operations about Chattanooga from October 27 to November 26 1863, being in the action of Lookout Valley, October 29 1863 and battle of Missionary Ridge November 23 to 25 1863, on expedition for the relief of Knoxville Tennessee November 28 to December 17 1863, in occupation of Chattanooga December 17 1863 to May 1 1864—being assigned to the command of the Fourth Corps April 10 1864, when the Eleventh and Twelfth were consolidated to form the Twentieth Corps, in command of the Fourth Corps Army of the Cumberland, till assigned July 27 1864, to the command of the Army of the Tennessee, in the invasion of Georgia May 3 to December 21 1864, being engaged in operations about Dalton May 7-12 1864, battle of Resaca May 14-15, 1864, action of Adairsville May 17 1864, action of Cassville May 19, 1864, battle of Dallas May 25-26 1864, action of Pickett's Mill, May 27 1864.

GEN. HOWARD WAS WOUNDED

In battles and skirmishes about Pine and Kenesaw Mountains June 20th to July 2d, 1864, action of Smyrna camp ground July 4 1864, combat of Peach tree creek July 20 1864, siege of Atlanta July 22d, September 2 1864, combat of Ezra Church (in command) July 28, 1864, battle of Jonesboro August 31-September 1 1864, surrender of Atlanta September 2d and occupation September 2 to October 4, 1864, pursuit of rebels under Gen. Hood into Alabama with frequent engagements October 1 to November 1 1864, march to the sea from Atlanta to Savannah with numerous actions and skirmishes including the combat of Griswoldville November 16 to December 13 1864 and surrender of Savannah December 21, 1864.

APPOINTED BRIG. GENERAL,

December 21 1864, in the invasion of the Carolinas, commanding the Army of Tennessee January 4 to April 26 1865 being engaged in the actions of Pocotaligo January 14, Rivers Bridge February 3, Orangeburg February 12, Congaree creek February 15, Cheraw March [illegible] and Fayetteville, March 11 1865, battle of Bentonville March 20-21 1865. He received the appointment of Brevet Major General March 13 1865 for gallant and meritorious services at the battle of Ezra Church, and during the campaign against Atlanta, the occupation of Goldsboro March 24 1865, and numerous skirmishes during the campaign terminating with the surrender of the rebel army under General J. E. Johnston at Durham Station North Carolina April 26 1865, on the march to Richmond Virginia April 29 to May 10 1865, and as Commissioner of the Bureau of Refugees, Freedmen and Abandoned Lands at Washington D. C. May 12 1865.

CIVIL HISTORY

Degree of A. M. conferred by Bowdoin College Maine 1865, degree of LL. D. conferred by Waterville College Maine 1865, by Shurtleff College Illinois 1865 and by Gettysburg Theological Seminary Pa. 1866.

General Howard is in the prime of life, being about 45 years of age. He will probably arrive at Portland about the last of the present month.

General Davis will proceed immediately on being relieved to rejoin his regiment at Fort D. A. Russell, Wyoming.

SHIPPING NOTES.

The bark *[illegible]* will be towed down the river to-day by the tug *Ben Holladay*.

The *Dreadnought* of the Star Line went to sea on Sunday morning. She carried a full cargo.

The *Sepora*, which left here last week with full cargo for the Sound, went to sea on Saturday afternoon.

The *Hera*, which was towed down the river some days ago, passed out to sea Sunday morning, with a full cargo for San Francisco.

THE COURTS.

COUNTY COURT—HAMILTON, J.

IN PROBATE.

TUESDAY, July 14, 1874.

In the matter of the estate of C. A. and Clara Blackstone, ordered that citation be issued to John L. Wa[illegible], guardian of said ward, to answer the said petitioners at the opening of Court on the first day of the August term.

Court adjourned until Monday next, 10 o'clock A. M.

A DULL HEADACHE, [illegible] COSTIVENESS and Low Spirits are some of the [illegible] Liver Complaint [illegible] bowels.

J. B. A. Revieu, importer of Ladies' Human Hair and practical Wig Maker and Hair Worker, has just returned from [illegible] the Hair Dresser [illegible].

Knights of Pythias.—[illegible] cordially invited to attend. By order [illegible].

Harmony Encampment No. 1, I. O. O. F.—[illegible].

Hassalo Lodge No. 15, I. O. O. F.—Meets every Friday evening at [illegible] streets. Members of the Order are invited to attend. By order [illegible] N. G.

Samaritan Lodge No. 2, I. O. O. F.—Meets every Wednesday evening at [illegible] invited to attend. By order of [illegible] N. G.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Council this evening.

County Court has adjourned until next Monday.

Several men are clearing away the debris at the scene of the recent fire.

No Probate Court was held yesterday morning, owing to the absence of the Judge.

Sam. Dunn, who was shot in the right arm on the 4th inst. is rapidly recovering.

It was only a small yacht that capsized yesterday, and only two men who took [illegible].

The new [illegible] now being built at the lower [illegible] will be launched from the ways in the course of ten days.

A number of our citizens are planning a trip to the [illegible] Puget Sound and Victoria during the heated term.

Mr. D. F. Mularky, the well known grain [illegible], was thrown out of a wagon on Monday evening and severely injured.

[illegible] has a large force [illegible] building a wharf that an extension is [illegible] beyond the north end of the old wharf. The intention is to have the new wharf connect with that owned by Mr. M[illegible], thus making a frontage of over 100 feet in length.

A MODEL GUARDIAN OF THE PEACE.—Police [illegible] Shaw was placed upon trial on the charge of robbing a drunken man in the street of $1,000 and the evidence against him was sufficient to have him held to bail for trial. An officer, shining light of the force, named Osborn, was placed on the stand and in reply to certain questions asked said:

"Shaw told me there was some drunken man on his post accused him of stealing $2,000 from him. I said if any man would say that to me I would first strike him and then lock him up."

Counsel—Would you do that?

Officer Osborn (clinching his teeth firmly together)—Yes sir, and quick too.

Counsel—You mean to say that you would batter his [illegible] out and carry the balance of his frame to the station house.

Officer Osborn—Yes I would.—*N. Y. Herald, July 12.*

EXORBITANT FREIGHT ON COAL BY THE UNION PACIFIC.—Salt Lake City, July 2.—There is considerable excitement here in consequence of the advance of the rates of freight on coal by the Union Pacific R. R. Company between Echo and Ogden, a distance of forty miles, from $1 50 to $4 50 per ton. It is claimed that the advance in the coal rate by the Union Pacific Railway Company is on account of the ownership of mines by that company and their desire to drive other parties out of the coal mining business. The results of the advance on freights, it is maintained, will be the speedy extension of the Utah Southern Railroad to the coal fields of San Pete Valley and the construction of a narrow gauge road from this city to Coalville. In the meantime coal will be brought here in wagons.

Oh Lord, Thou knowest I perceived in Connecticut during church meeting that I am afflicted with an iniquitous son. Thou knowest that he will swear and lie and steal and do all sinful things. Thou knowest that on the last Sabbath day he was seen walking down the principal street in the village with his hands in his pockets whistling the following ungodly tune—and the congregation were astonished to hear "Yankee Doodle" flow melodiously from the deacon's pursed lips.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

ST. CHARLES HOTEL.

Miss M. I. Crum, Salem; R. Cochard & family, Walla Walla; John Lutus, Albany; Thos. Cheeky, Victoria; W. S. Worthington, Astoria; Mrs. McArthur, Olympia; J. S. Cummings, Canyon City; [illegible] Urquhart, Napavine, W. T.; A. Knight, Canyon City; F. M. [illegible], Camp Watson.

OCCIDENTAL HOTEL.

T. Reddin, Oak Point; Miss Addie Ball, [illegible]; A. Joseph, [illegible]; M. McNamee, Scappoose; M. Lewis, do; M. McNamee, Vancouver; James Miller, do; W. Manzy, Union; Mrs. Manzy, Hillsboro; C. F. Brown, [illegible], Astoria; Mrs. F. A. McPheeter, Salem; F. A. Whipple, Oswego; Mrs. Chamberlin, Salem; F. N. Thomas, Jefferson; Ellen Chamberlin, do; Geo. P. Newell, Salem; A. McCurdy & wife, do; Mrs. Dunsey, Dalles; J. McCurdy, do; J. Paquett, Oregon City; Julia Chamberlin, do; Capt. J. J. Smith, do; R. S. [illegible], do; J. J. Harris, Albany; Saml. Henry, Kalama; T. C. Whitaker, Olympia.

AMERICAN EXCHANGE.

F. Butler, Knappa; A. Gray, Corvallis; Chas. [illegible], Oswego; C. J. Mulk, St. Johns; W. I. Coleman, do; A. Graham, Walla Walla; J. Smith, Dalles; R. M. Allen, Oregon City; Wm. Wolf, Sauvies Island; J. Powell, do; Mrs. Anderson, Vancouver; [illegible], Michigan; [illegible], San Francisco; [illegible]; I. Taab, Hillsboro; Miss Butler, do.

COSMOPOLITAN HOTEL.

J. Malford, Silverton; J. W. O'Hara, Baker City; A. Lamar, Eugene City; [illegible]; S. G. Ingalls, Astoria; F. S. [illegible], Walla Walla; J. H. Emerson, Eagle Cliff; H. C. [illegible]; F. D. [illegible]; P. Katz, Walla Walla; S. Fox, Albany; W. H. Birnhurt, Wall[illegible]; J. Fears, Vancouver; [illegible]; J. Wallers, [illegible]; [illegible], Salem; J. B. Martin, Sheridan; W. J. Inches, Eugene City; J. S. [illegible], Oregon City; [illegible], Salem; A. Spinch, Walla Walla; [illegible], Salem; O. S. Savage, Dalles; [illegible]; J. Van Vleet, Kalama; [illegible], Olympia; A. Leonwitch, Walla Walla.

CLARENDON HOTEL.

A. Sylvester, Albany; H. C. [illegible]; Mrs. H. [illegible]; [illegible], Salem; C. W. Morse, New York; [illegible]; D. Clark, Salem; A. Mark, [illegible]; A. G. White, Canyon City; Mr. & Mrs. H. Mark, S. F.; Levi K. [illegible]; R. T. Wallace, Brownsville; Jane [illegible]; [illegible], Albany; [illegible] children, Walla Walla; H. M. Pringle, [illegible] Salem.

LIVER AND BLOOD DISEASES.

[illegible]

PRATT'S ABOLITION OIL.

[illegible]

Health for the Sick.

[illegible]

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Subscriptions to the DAILY and WEEKLY OREGONIAN may be remitted direct to this office by letter, or paid to the following agents:

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Eastern and California through mail arrive daily at [illegible] p. m. Close at [illegible] a. m.

Way mail going south on the East Side R. R. for Oregon and Northern California arrive daily at [illegible]. Close at 7 a. m.

West Side R. R. for Hillsboro and Forest Grove arrives daily at [illegible]. Close at [illegible] p. m.

The Dalles and Eastern Oregon, Washington Territory and Idaho arrive daily (Sunday excepted) at [illegible] p. m. Close at [illegible] p. m.

Kalama, Olympia, St. Helens, Monticello, Pt. Townsend, Victoria arrive daily, Sunday excepted, at about [illegible] p. m. Close at [illegible] a. m.

Sauvies Island, Mount Coffin, Skamokawa, Cathlamet, Eagle Cliff and Oak Point leave [illegible] Wednesday and Friday, arrives Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at about [illegible] p. m. Close at [illegible] a. m.

Scappoose, Westport, Columbia City, Willamette Slough leaves Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, arrives Monday, Wednesday and Friday at about [illegible] p. m. Close at [illegible] a. m.

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Salem via Dan[illegible], Lens, Eagle Creek, Cuttingsville, Butte Creek and Silverton leaves Tuesday, arrives Friday at [illegible] p. m. Close at [illegible] p. m.

Scholls Ferry leaves Saturday, arrives Monday at 10 a. m. Close at [illegible].

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WANTED.

WOMEN TO MAKE PANTS. ENQUIRE OF FISHEL & ROBERTS, Cor. First and Washington sts.
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A [illegible] STOCK FARM ON SAUVIES Island. I will sell a lot of fire Oak cord wood and a [illegible] of [illegible] timber in the tree. All easy of access by water.
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jy14 dtw

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Valuable Property for Sale AT ALBANY, OREGON.

THE UNDERSIGNED WILL SELL AT PUBLIC sale on the 18th day of July next, the following described property, to wit:

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The above described property is very suitable for a Livery Business or a Depot for Agricultural Implements.

We will sell in connection therewith a lot of Trucks, scales and other fixtures belonging to the warehouse, together with about fifteen thousand [illegible].

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HOWELL, HARPER & CO.
Albany, June [illegible]. daw

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SHATTUCK & KILLIN,
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(Notary Public)
Office—Pittock's Brick, corner Stark and Front st. [illegible] collection [illegible]

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DURHAM & THOMPSON,
Attorneys-at-Law.
101 First street, opposite the Occidental Hotel, Portland.

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GIBBS & HUGHES,
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WHALLEY & FECHHEIMER,
Attorneys at Law,
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ATTORNEY AT LAW,
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OFFICE—Front Street, between B and C.

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Builders and Carpenters, note that we are selling DOORS and WINDOWS, all sizes, BELOW COST! We are not going to keep them in Store.

ON HAND A LARGE STOCK OF
PAINTS, OILS, BRUSHES,
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Give us a Call. We defy Competition.
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Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
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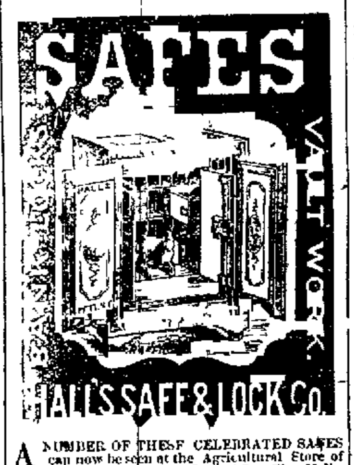

A NUMBER OF THESE CELEBRATED SAFES can now be seen at the Agricultural Store of Messrs. KNAPP, BURRELL & CO. The Hall's Safes are

SUPERIOR TO ANY NOW IN USE!

THESE SAFES ARE
ABSOLUTELY FIRE-PROOF!

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HALL'S PATENT COMBINATION LOCK!
Without Either Key or Keyhole.

SUPERIOR WORKMANSHIP AND ELEGANT FINISH

Old Safes taken in exchange and several good second hand Safes for sale cheap.
Address or call on
WM. B. WILSHIRE,
Agent Hall's Safe and Lock Company,
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5,000 WINDOW SASH,
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ENAMELED GLASS,
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CRYSTAL SHEET,
And CUT GLASS,
And Full Stock of
DOORS AND BLINDS
In Store, at
REDUCED PRICES
J. SIMON,
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Call before purchasing elsewhere.
GLAZING DONE TO ORDER.

Rock River Paper Company's
PATENT
FELT ROOFING.
PUT ON FOR $5 50 PER SQUARE.
PREPARED PLASTERING BOARD,
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ONLY REGALIA HOUSE IN THE STATE
MASONIC BOOKS AND BLANKS,
Gold and Silver Laces, Fringes,
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A [illegible] FARM OF 160 ACRES [illegible]

HACHENEY & STEMME,
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A COMPLETE STOCK OF
FRESH GOODS.
PROMPT ATTENTION. FREE DELIVERY.

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Manufacturer, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
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Shelf and Builders' Hardware,
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Miners' Goods,
Nails, Rope, Shovels, Anvils, Axes, Etc.
All of which are offered at the Lowest Rates.
He invites buyers to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.
Would invite particular attention to buyers of Builders Hardware and Home Trimmings, either at WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.

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CLARENDON HOTEL!
Corner of F and First Streets,
PORTLAND OREGON.

THIS MAGNIFICENT HOTEL NEWLY FURnished throughout in a superb manner is now open for the reception of guests. The Finest Rooms and the Best Table, in Oregon at moderate prices. Situated within two blocks of the Depots of the Oregon and California and Oregon Central Railroads and within one block of the wharf of the Oregon Steamship Company.
Street Cars pass the door.
Free Coach to and from the House.
Street Car tickets furnished free to guests.
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FIRST CLASS ACCOMMODATIONS
At Reasonable Rates.
P. FLEUROT.

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NO DECEPTION THERE. BEAU MUCK A Muck and Save your Bill of Fare. Ham and Eggs Hot Rolls Corn Bread Milk Toast Hot Cakes and Canned Salmon for Breakfast. Three kinds of Meats for Dinner with a good supply of Pie and any quantity of Tea and Coffee the same for Supper, with canned Salmon and Corned Beef thrown in.
Board per week $4 00; with lodging $5.00.
Board and Lodging per day $1 00.
The Table is as good as any of the first-class Hotels in town for one half their prices.
No whisky sold on the premises. The house is new, hard finished and room for 100 Boarders. Free Wagon to Railroads and steamboats. Employers in want of help please call.

THE "SEA-SIDE."

THE UNDERSIGNED THANKING THE PUBLIC for the very liberal patronage bestowed upon this favorite summer resort the past season, informs visitors that
The Hotel is Now Open for the Reception of Guests.
Many improvements dictated by the past year's experience have been made conducive to the comfort and pleasure of visitors. Among the many are the large swings for the little folks, Shuffle Boards and improved exercises for Ladies, Quoit Grounds for Gentlemen, Horses and a Trail to the top of Grand Old Tillamook Head, etc. quiet fun and, as usual. The River Fleet of Boats is increased to ten in number and the subscriber takes pleasure in informing his public friends that he has constructed a splendid Boat capable of carrying thirty persons with comfort. In fact nothing has been left undone to make this truly sanitary spot the most pleasant and at the same time upon the Pacific coast.
For terms etc. address
C. H. DEXTER
Sea Side House, Clatsop Beach, Oregon.

Near and Far Sightedness and Imperfect Vision of every kind, Scientifically Treated.

DR. PILKINGTON
HEREBY INFORMS THE MANY PERSONS who have during the past two years consulted him for relief of imperfect vision, that he has at length [illegible] obtained a full set of TRIAL LENSES and is prepared to fit them properly to the eye, and correct the various defects of vision.
Office—No. 2 Dekum's Building, corner First and Washington streets, Portland.
OCULIST and OPTICIANS are regarded as synonymous terms by nearly all classes of the community and Opticians are [illegible] in their duty if they do not teach the public that an Oculist alone can make a proper and correct examination of the human eye, and decide what glasses and whether they should be used, so that the Optician's business should be confined entirely to repairing and fitting, in a proper frame, the glass directed by the former exactly as an Apothecary compounds and puts up the medicine prescribed by the Physician.
J. B. PILKINGTON, M. D.
Jy1tm. Ophthalmic Surgeon to Carney Hospital

KRUMBEIN & GILBERT,
ARCHITECTS,
Rooms—Cree's Building, Stark St., bet. Front and First

The Daily Oregonian.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, JULY 15, 1874

THE NEW COMET

ITS POSITION AND APPEARANCE—SCIENTIFIC PROGRESS IN THE KNOWLEDGE OF THESE BODIES—REMARKABLE COMETS OF THE LAST CENTURY

[From the N Y Times]

The appearance of comets has in all ages attracted the attention of mankind and until recent discoveries in astronomy revealed the nature of these bodies they were contemplated with superstitious dread as omens of Divine displeasure and were regarded as the precursors of some calamity to the human race. Even in the present day this opinion prevails among the illiterate classes in most countries. The terror which the appearance of Biela's comet in 1832 spread throughout Egypt and India is well known. To the astronomer the appearance of comets has always been regarded with deep interest. For some time past the attention of this class of observers has been turned upon the new comet recently discovered by M Coggia of Marseilles on the 17th of April. This comet was first seen on this continent by Mr S W Burnham of Chicago about the 30th of May and was then in the constellation of the Giraffe, within twenty one degrees of the north pole. It was moving in right ascension about one and a half minutes per twenty four hours and its declination was diminishing by about fifty minutes of arc in the same interval. It showed a tail extending toward the north east about twelve minutes in length which was gradually becoming lighter and was almost visible to the naked eye. The fine instrument at the observatory in Chicago one of the most powerful in the world, is not in working order owing to the fact that the dome of the building is out of repair, and on this account most of the observations there have been made by means of a six inch Alvin Clark refractor owned by Mr Burnham, who has made some interesting discoveries with this glass. In this City and State there are at present hardly any facilities for making astronomical observations. Owing to mismanagement the Dudley Observatory at Albany, has fallen into disuse and at the Central Park Observatory, in this City, there are no instruments for making any but meteorological observations. At Mr Rutherford's observatory in Second avenue, corner of Twelfth street there is a fine refractory telescope, having thirteen inches of clear focal aperture and fifteen feet of focal length but as this glass has been constructed chiefly for photographing star groups it is seldom used to take astronomical observations in consequence of the difficulty of adjusting the instrument after removing one of the three lenses of which it is composed. Mr Rutherford is at present in Europe, and his assistant is daily engaged completing the photographing of the principal constellations, and he has not adjusted the instrument to observe the movements of the new comet. Mr White, of Brooklyn, has a good glass, and at the observatory attached to Columbia College there is a five and a half inch glass of great power, but neither of these glasses have been made use of to make observations on the new comet. The most reliable information that has been furnished about this celestial visitor up to the present was given in a letter from Prof Lewis Smith, of Rochester, which appeared in the *Times* a few days since. The comet is now visible to the naked eye and is situated at 1 o'clock in the morning, directly beneath the polar star at a distance from it of about 25° or about midway between it and the horizon. With the aid of an opera glass it can be easily seen as a hazy, nebulous mass with a bright point on one side. It is at present moving toward the earth, and is now visible all night, but will soon be visible only in the early part of evening, setting in the north-west. It will be brightest on the evening of Aug 3, when it will be 245 times as bright as at the time of discovery, while at present it is only about six times as luminous. It will then be about 5° from Denabola, the brightest star in Leo, and as the moon will be absent it will be subjected to spectroscopic analysis under circumstances more favorable than may occur again for many years.

Until the elements of a comet's orbit have been determined nothing can be known of its movements, and the calculations involved in this task are almost inconceivable, and require the minutest accuracy. The method most commonly used in computing the parabolic elements of a comet's orbit is one invented by Olbers, a German astronomer, toward the close of the last century. According to the method devised by Gauss and Laplace, the six elliptical elements of a comet's orbit may be derived from three observations, but in some cases four observations may be necessary. For some time past the weather has been so cloudy, and the atmosphere so full of moisture, that it has been found exceedingly difficult to make accurate observations. By the aid of a powerful glass, however, the work of determining the orbit of the new comet has been successfully accomplished by A C Durner, a Frenchman, residing in London, whose calculations are considered to be correct. According to his computation, the position of the comet at midnight on the 20th inst will be 7 hours 31' 57" and 70° 9' 3" north declination, mean Berlin time. Its position on Proctor's map is just above the small arrow west of stars forty-two and forty three of Camelus.

Down to the time of Tycho Brahe it was believed that comets were of terrestrial origin being generated in the upper regions of the atmosphere. This astronomer demonstrated that it must be situated beyond the limits of the moon's orbit, but until the discoveries of Newton revealed the form of the orbits, very little was known about their movements. Tycho Brahe and Kepler imagined that the comets moved in straight lines. Helvetius conjectured that the path of the comets might be curvilinear, and in 1681 Doerfel showed that the comet of 1680 described a parabola having the sun in the focus. Newton found that the orbit described by a body moving round the sun in free space might be either a circle, an ellipse, a parabola, or a hyperbola but it must be one or the other of these curves. Halley, who was one of the earliest supporters of the theory of gravitation reduced to practice Newton's ideas on the theory of comets by collecting all the recorded observations made on these bodies down to 1700. A comparison of the orbits of the comets of 1531, 1607, and 1682 convinced him that they referred to the same comet, and after much research he predicted its return in 1758. During the period that elapsed between the publication of Halley's researches and the time announced for the return of the comet of 1682 an important step had been made in the application of analysis to physical astronomy. Methods for solving, by approximate process, the problem of planetary perturbation were invented by Euler Clairaut and D'Alembert assisted by Mme Lapaute, calculated that the comet would be retarded 518 days by the action of Jupiter, and 100 days by the action of Saturn, and predicted that its passage through perihelion would take place on the 13th of April, 1759 but allowed that a difference of a month might result from inaccuracies in calculation. On the 13th of March 1759, the comet passed through this point of its orbit, and thus established beyond doubt the truth of Newton's theory of comets.

Biela's comet, on which observations were made in 1872, solved a very interesting problem in connection with those bodies. This comet was discovered on the 27th of February, 1826, by an Austrian officer, whose name was given to it. According to the calculations of Gambart and Clausen it has a period of 6.6 years. A little before its arrival in the perihelion this comet passes through the descending node of its orbit at only a very short distance from the earth's orbit, and in 1832 great fears of a collision were entertained when it was announced that at the time of the comet's passage through its descending node the earth would be traveling in the same region. What was then to be dreaded actually took place on the 27th of November, 1872. On that occasion the earth passed through the comet's train tunneling a pathway for itself 250 000 miles in length and about 8 000 miles in diameter, and yet in this enormous section of the train having a volume of about 12,000,000 of cubic miles, nothing more serious than a meteoric shower was the result. Attention was called to the subject by Mr. Hurd before the Royal Astronomical Society in England. This confirmed the theory ably sustained by the Italian Astronomer Schiaparelli some years ago, that meteoric showers were phenomena caused by the passage of the earth through the matter of which comets' trains are composed. It was found that this comet if in existence, would cross the earth's orbit on the day named, and on that particular day a great star shower was visible over a large part of England which continued for five hours or during the time the earth was passing through the comet's train. This meteoric display consisted of shreds of matter so minute as to be unable to penetrate our atmosphere. These small bodies melted and evaporized high in the more tenuous regions of the atmosphere and sank to the earth in the form of an impalpable powder.

On the 12th of January 1846 Lieut Maury of the Observatory at Washington discovered that this comet had separated into two distinct fragments which continued to travel together at a distance of three to four seconds from each other or from 150 000 to 157 000 miles apart. The question as to whether the nucleus of comets is in any case a solid body has often been [illegible] but no definite conclusion has been reached. [illegible] the nucleus of [illegible] a star would [illegible] this problem [illegible] no instance of the occurrence of such a phenomenon [illegible] ever been [illegible]. Newton was of the opinion [illegible] comets [illegible] otherwise [illegible] in many cases [illegible] by the intense heat to which they are subjected on their approach of the perihelion. [illegible] must be very [illegible]. It is on this fact that they produce [illegible] derangements in the motions of the planets however near they approach them. The heat which comets undergo in their passage through the perihelion is almost inconceivable. The comet of 1680 passed at the perihelion a distance of 1 [illegible] miles that of 1680 at the distance of [illegible] and the comet of 1843 at the distance of [illegible] miles from the sun. Newton found by calculations that the comet of 1680 on its passage of the perihelion was subjected to a heat 2000 times greater than that of red hot iron. The great comet of 1843 which approached nearer to the sun than any other recorded in history must have been exposed to a heat of still greater intensity.

The tail of a comet sometimes attains an enormous length. The train of the comet of 1680 was 96,000,000 miles long, that of the comet of 1811 was 100 000 000 miles in length, the comet of 1843 had a train of 150 000 000 miles and that of Donati's comet in 1858 was about 50 000 000 miles in length. The development of a tail when a comet is advancing toward the perihelion affords a striking instance of the wonderful influence exerted upon it by the sun although the mode in which it is exerted continues to be involved in great mystery. In the comet of 1858 on Aug 29 the length of the tail was two degrees or 14,000 000 miles. On Oct 10, it was sixty degrees or 51,000 000 miles. The orbits of comets vary much in lengths. The orbit of Encke's comet is contained within that of the planet Jupiter while the orbit of Whalley's comet extends far beyond that of Neptune. Donati's comet revolves in an elliptical orbit, with a period of about 2,000 years. The comet of 1811 has a period of 3,065, subject to an uncertainty of forty three years. The aphelion distance of this comet is fourteen times that of Neptune or about 40,121 000 000 miles.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Financial.

TUESDAY EVENING July 14 1874

Gold in New York 110

Portland Legal Tenders buying 89¼, selling 90½

Gold bars are quotable at 7¼@7½ fine

Exchange on New York ½ per cent premium for currency, and one per cent premium for gold

Exchange on San Francisco at 1@1 per cent premium

Wheat in Liverpool by mail advices from San Francisco, 12s 3d@12s 6d for average California and 12s 6d@12s 10d for club

The apparent condition of our home money market is one of ease in trade circles. But a better supply of available funds at a low rate of interest to aid local enterprises and stimulate improvements, would doubtless be desirable as at the present rates charged by lenders returns must be speedy and large to justify borrowing capital for any purpose, and slow as are the incomes on improved property in our sparsely settled country, but few men are willing to take the chances of paying one per cent or more per month to make improvements which are not likely to yield an equal return for a long time to come. Merchants and traders generally are not making extensive calls on lending institutions being as a rule fairly supplied among themselves. The San Francisco money market is still liberally supplied and it is now generally conceded there that the rates heretofore prevailing must be reduced but of course there is a strong fight being made to sustain the old established terms.

The New York *Financial Chronicle* disposes of the inflation idea pretty thoroughly. Speaking of the alleged need for additional banking facilities West and South and the requirement for more money existing in those sections it alludes to the law of July 1870, which authorized the raising of national bank notes from $300 000,000 to $354,000 000 ostensibly because more banks were said to be needed, and more money distributed in the West and South and then goes on to show that after the lapse of ten months, only $6,000,000 of the additional circulation had been called for; at the end of another year but $25 000 000 had been taken, still another year and but $38 000,000 had been consumed, while the whole of the $54 000,000 has not been used to this day. The shameless audacity with which inflationists urged their assertions that more money was indispensable for the requirements of the people in certain sections can be plainly inferred from the foregoing well established statement of facts. The insufficient satisfaction remains however that suspense and anxiety under which the country has labored for months has been temporarily removed and although legislation has been far from sound or beneficial people at least know what to do.

Canadian Crops

From a Circular issued from the Canadian Commercial Agency at Montreal in June we gather the following as to the condition of the growing crops in that country which presents a bad showing for the grain crop. Fall sown wheat will produce much below an average return. In about 25 counties out of 40 reported the yield will not be over ½ of a crop while of the remainder, but two counties report an average of fall sown wheat. In nearly all however spring wheat oats and barley, looked well, and of the two latter the surplus for export will be fully as large as usual. The frosts and cold weather without snow, winter killed or froze out a great deal of fall sown wheat and many fields were plowed up in the spring and sown to other crops. Late in May favorable weather set in and better hopes were entertained. But the exports of wheat from that country this year will not be of any importance in the foreign markets. In almost every other wheat growing country of the world news comes of an average or more than an average yield as likely to be realized this year.

Miscellaneous.

The first important shipment of Oregon flour to Europe was made by the ship Barmecota in February 1873. She carried 20 000 sacks which was about all shipped hence to Europe of that year's crop, but since August 1 1873 our exports in that direction have been 328 521 sacks. Our shipments to California in 1873 74 were 135 753 barrels against 92 236 barrels in the preceding year showing an increase in our total shipments of this staple in 1873 74 of over 100 000 barrels over those of the year before.

During the first six months of this year there were sent from this port to San Francisco [illegible] bushels of oats, 26,519 boxes apples 10 [illegible] bushels onions 29 580 bushels potatoes and [illegible] pounds of wool.

The Coos Bay mines shipped 8 711 tons coal to San Francisco during the six months ending the 30th ult.

Mr. Benj Flint of San Juan Valley California, has this year 6 000 acres in wheat. One field of 1 000 acres he is positive will yield 117 bushels to the acre while the other 5 000 acres are good for 40 bushels per acre, or altogether a crop of [illegible] bushels.

The ship Thomas Dana which sailed from San Francisco for Liverpool last week carried [illegible] sacks of Oregon extra flour.

The latest engagements of wheat vessels from San Francisco to Liverpool are as follows. Bark George Croshaw 670 tons £3 17s 6d. Ship Marian, 1,150 tons £4.

There were in the port of San Francisco on the 9th inst 71 disengaged vessels with an aggregate capacity of 7 090 tons.

Shipping Intelligence

The British bark Blenheim from this port arrived at London June 30th having been 141 days out. She carried [illegible] barrels flour valued at $[illegible].

The bark Vesta hence arrived at London June 30th having been 210 days out. She carried 20 18[illegible] centals wheat valued at $ 1,500.

The bark Penang arrived at London June 30th. She left this port in March 1874.

The little schooner Katie L Heron sailed this afternoon for Tillamook with a full cargo of produce and assorted merchandise.

The bark Rival having about finished her cargo, will probably sail for San Francisco to morrow.

The steamship Ajax about due from San Francisco, had not arrived at a late hour this evening.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SAN FRANCISCO, July 14 —Arrived—Columbia, Coos Bay

To night—Gracie, Hongkong. Allahabad Auckland Mounton, Ceylon. D C Murray Honolulu. [illegible] Bellingham Bay. Cambridge and Camden

Sailed—P M S S [illegible] steamer [illegible] sails for Hongkong and Yokohama to-day. Alcatraz Liverpool. [illegible] Hon[illegible] and [illegible] California San Blas

HONGKONG July 1 —Arrived—Steamship [illegible] from San Francisco

Sailed—Steamship [illegible] for Yokohama and San Francisco

San Francisco Markets

[BY TELEGRAPH]

SAN FRANCISCO July 14 [illegible] Wheat [illegible] $1 [illegible] Barley—New $1 [illegible] Oats $1 [illegible] Hay [illegible] Potatoes [illegible] [illegible]

Fruit—Currants [illegible]

San Francisco Stock Market

[BY TELEGRAPH]

SAN FRANCISCO July 14

Ophir	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
C & C	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Savage	[illegible]	Caledonia	[illegible]
B & B	[illegible]	Knickerbocker	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Hale & N	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	California	[illegible]
Jacket	[illegible]	Silver Hill	[illegible]
Imperial	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Empire Mill	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Kentuck	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Alpha	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Belcher	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Con Va	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Exchequer	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Overman	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Seg Belcher	[illegible]	Crown Point	[illegible]
Andes	[illegible]		

EVENING BOARD

Meadow Valley	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Raymond	[illegible]	Imperial	[illegible]
Eureka Con	[illegible]	El Dorado S	[illegible]
Pioche	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
American Flag	[illegible]	Alpha	[illegible]
W & C	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Bowers	[illegible]	Ophir	[illegible]
Belmont	[illegible]	Gould & Curry	[illegible]
Rye P	[illegible]	Crown Point	[illegible]
Eldorado South	[illegible]	Seg Belcher	[illegible]
Kentuck	[illegible]	Jacket	[illegible]
Bellevue	[illegible]	California	[illegible]
Coleridge	[illegible]	Empire Mill	[illegible]
Chariot Mill	[illegible]	Hale & N	[illegible]
C Chariot	[illegible]	Chollar	[illegible]
Elmor	[illegible]	Imperial	[illegible]
Mahala	[illegible]		

Home Produce Market.

WHEAT—The market is still very quiet and we hear of but very few lots coming to hand at all. [illegible] farmers [illegible] and [illegible] $1 [illegible] per cental [illegible] It is certainly [illegible] that rates are not going to appreciate [illegible] [illegible] in the market [illegible] The weather is now highly favorable for maturing the new crop and the bulk of the harvest will begin in a fortnight or less.

FLOUR—The prices for best brands are kept up notwithstanding the low rates prevalent for the raw material, holders believing that the scarcity of wheat will enable them to work off all the stocks on hand before harvest. We quote standard brands of extra at $[illegible] while [illegible] country and outside brands are quoted at [illegible] [illegible] The local trade is good and shipments to the San Francisco market are being made. The receipts during the past week have been very light.

OATS—The receipt of this cereal are steadily decreasing [illegible]

[illegible]

LIST OF POST-OFFICES,

OREGON.

Baker Co. [illegible] Polk [illegible]

[illegible]

WASHINGTON TERRITORY.

[illegible]

[illegible] sheetings light 11 [illegible] medium [illegible] standard [illegible] Cotton Checks [illegible] Cotton flannel [illegible] Denims [illegible] Hickory stripes [illegible] Standard print [illegible] Delaines [illegible] Lawns [illegible]

FRUITS (dried) AND PRESERVES—Apples [illegible]

[illegible]

NAILS—[illegible] fence [illegible] keg [illegible]

NUTS—Almonds [illegible] Brazil [illegible] Filbert [illegible] Hickory [illegible] Peanut 10c Pecan 2[illegible] Walnuts [illegible]

OILS—We quote our market [illegible]

OREGON WOOLEN GOODS—[illegible] Blankets [illegible]

SALERATUS—Barrels [illegible]

SOAP—Quotable firm for [illegible]

FISH—Cod Pacific 9 Eastern 11 Mackerel No 1 [illegible] Salmon [illegible] Sardines [illegible]

SALT—[illegible] Liverpool [illegible] sacks [illegible]

PAINTS—We quote market in jobbing lots for [illegible]

[illegible]

STARCH—[illegible]

SUGAR—We quote [illegible]

DRY GOODS—Standard drills 14½c second [illegible]

BANKS.

LADD & TILTON, BANKERS.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED, AND COIN AND CURRENCY accounts kept subject to Check at sight

COLLECTIONS made and proceeds promptly remitted

INTEREST FROM DATE paid on Coin Time Deposits

Coin & Currency Exchange

(Sight and Telegraphic) for sale on

SAN FRANCISCO NEW YORK

ST LOUIS CHICAGO

Bills of Exchange,

Drawn in the usual way for any sum desired on

LONDON HONG KONG,

PARIS BERLIN,

FRANKFORT ON THE MAIN

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF PORTLAND.

Designated Depository and Financial Agent United States

President HENRY FAILING

Cashier JAMES STEEL

DEPOSITS RECEIVED IN COIN OR CURRENCY subject to check at sight

INTEREST ALLOWED on Time Deposits of Coin

LETTERS OF CREDIT issued available in the Atlantic Cities

SIGHT EXCHANGE AND TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS payable in Coin or Currency for sale on NEW YORK, SAN FRANCISCO CHICAGO ST LOUIS

SIGHT or SIXTY DAY BILLS drawn in sums to suit drawer on

LONDON, PARIS,

BERLIN FRANKFORT ON THE MAIN

THE BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Incorporated by Royal Charter.

Paid up Capital..........$1,562,500

WITH POWER TO INCREASE TO

$10,000 000.

HEAD OFFICE—5 East India Avenue, Leadenhall Street, London.

BRANCHES

In Vancouver Island, British Columbia, San Francisco and Portland.

AGENCIES,

In New York, Canada, Scotland and Ireland.

Exchange for sale on

England, Ireland, Scotland, New York and Canada.

INTEREST ALLOWED on Time Deposits at the rate of SIX (6) PER CENT. PER ANNUM for periods of three months and upwards

Approved Bills discounted or Collected. Loans made on available collaterals

EDWIN RUSSELL, Manager.

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FREDERICK F LOW
IGN STEINHART, } Managers.

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FAIRBANKS'

THE STANDARD (Buy only the Genuine)

PLATFORM SCALES!

(ON WHEELS)

400 to 5,000 pounds.

WAREHOUSE SCALES

(SET IN FLOOR)

1,500 to 6,000 pounds.

WAGON SCALES,

(ALL SIZES)

6,000 to 40,000 pounds.

HAY SCALES,

GRAIN SCALES,

WOOL SCALES,

FAIRBANKS' CORNOMETERS,

(Genuine) [illegible]

WARRANTED THE STANDARD WEIGHT

FAIRBANKS' PATENT.

For sale by all Hardware Merchants.

BEWARE OF IMITATION!!!

NOTICE

WE THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING KNOWN [illegible] Mr R H [illegible] practice [illegible] thoroughly tested do hereby certify that it has proven a success and we recommend all horse owners [illegible] ing the [illegible] of [illegible]

F CORBETT Portland Livery stable

G COGGAN Olympia Stage Proprietor

[illegible] RAKE

[illegible] FORD

WM WADHAMS

L A SANE Cal

A D TORTS

D P BUDD Oskaloosa, Iowa

M H DIMICK Veterinarian horse breaker and trainer

B B ACKER

J S TURNER

J M BAXTER

jly2daw

TIME TABLE FOR STREET CARS,

STANDARD TIME—HENRICHSEN'S CHRONOMETER

Street Cars will Run Week Days from 6:20 A. M. to 8 P. M., 10 Minutes Apart
" " " " 8 00 P. M. till 11 P. M., 20 Minutes Apart
" " " " On Sundays from 8.20 A. M. to 8.40 P. M., 10 Minutes Apart

They will pass the below named Streets and Sidings as follows

GOING SOUTH	First Car A M	From 6 20 A M till 8 P M	From 8 P M till 11 P M	Last Car
G Street	[illegible]	[illegible] etc	[illegible] etc	[illegible]
I Street	[illegible]	[illegible] etc	[illegible] etc	[illegible]
B Street Siding	6 20	[illegible] etc	[illegible] etc	[illegible]
Elm Street	[illegible]	[illegible] etc	[illegible] etc	10 45
Stark Street	[illegible]	[illegible] etc	[illegible] etc	10 50
Alder Street	[illegible]	[illegible] etc	[illegible] etc	[illegible]
[illegible] Street	[illegible]	[illegible] etc	[illegible] etc	[illegible]
[illegible] Street Siding	[illegible]	[illegible] etc	[illegible] etc	[illegible]
Main Street	[illegible]	[illegible] etc	[illegible] etc	[illegible]
Jefferson Street	[illegible]	[illegible] etc	[illegible] etc	[illegible]
Clay Street	[illegible]	[illegible] etc	[illegible] etc	[illegible]
Mill Street	[illegible]	[illegible] etc	[illegible] etc	[illegible]
Montgomery St Siding	[illegible]	[illegible] etc	[illegible] etc	[illegible]
Lincoln Street	[illegible]	[illegible] etc	[illegible] etc	11 00
Caruthers Street	[illegible]	[illegible] etc	[illegible] etc	11 05

GOING NORTH.	First Car A M	From 6 30 A M till 8 P M	From 8 P M till 11 20 P M	Last Car P M
Caruthers Street	[illegible]	[illegible] etc	[illegible] etc	11 05
Lincoln Street	[illegible]	[illegible] etc	[illegible] etc	11 06
Montgomery St Siding	[illegible]	[illegible] etc	[illegible] etc	11 10
Mill Street	[illegible]	[illegible] etc	[illegible] etc	11 11
Clay Street	[illegible]	[illegible] etc	[illegible] etc	[illegible]
Jefferson Street	[illegible]	[illegible] etc	[illegible] etc	[illegible]
Main Street	[illegible]	[illegible] etc	[illegible] etc	[illegible]
Taylor Street Siding	[illegible]	[illegible] etc	[illegible] etc	[illegible]
Yamhill Street	[illegible]	[illegible] etc	[illegible] etc	[illegible]
Alder Street	[illegible]	[illegible] etc	[illegible] etc	[illegible]
Stark Street	[illegible]	[illegible] etc	[illegible] etc	[illegible]
Pine Street	[illegible]	[illegible] etc	[illegible] etc	[illegible]
B Street Siding	[illegible]	[illegible] etc	[illegible] etc	[illegible]
F Street	[illegible]	[illegible] etc	[illegible] etc	[illegible]
G Street	[illegible]	[illegible] etc	[illegible] etc	[illegible]

Portland February 16 1874

D. F. BUDD, Superintendent.

MARKETS.

HOME AGAIN!

J. S. KELLER,

Has returned to the

COR. MADISON AND FIRST STREETS,

Where he will be prepared to supply Fresh

Beef, Pork, Mutton, Veal, Etc.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

PORTLAND MARKET.

E. H. GARLING,

Cor. MORRISON and SECOND STREETS,

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND the best of all kinds of MEATS. All orders delivered in any part of the city free of Charge. Also KOSHER BEEF VEAL AND MUTTON

CHRIS. SCLOTH

INVITES HIS OLD PATRONS AND the public generally to call at his

NEW BUTCHER SHOP,

Washington St., one door East of Third.

SAN FRANCISCO.

N. W. SPAULDING

Saw-Smithing & Repairing

ESTABLISHMENT,

17 and 19 Fremont street between Front and Battery.

SAN FRANCISCO

N. W SPAULDING'S PATENT FALSE TEETH inserted in circular saws

REPAIRING In all its branches such as Gumming Re Toothing Straightening etc.

CIRCULAR SAWS of all sizes also Cross cut Mill Muley Gang Buck Butcher and Hand saws of all kinds together with a good assortment of Saw Arbors at lowest market rates

Cast Steel faced PLANER KNIVES and MOULDING CUTTERS always on hand or made to order on short notice

N. B.—Messrs KNAPP, BURRELL & CO., Commission Merchants Portland Oregon are my duly authorized Agents for Oregon, Washington and Idaho

Orders sent through them by telegraph or otherwise will be filled at same rates as if sent to me direct.

Coos Bay Coal Agency.

BERRYMAN & DOYLE,

DEALERS IN CUMBERLAND, LEHIGH AND all descriptions of

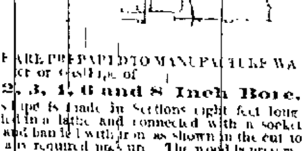
Foreign & Domestic Coals, also Pig Iron.

Bulkhead bet Pacific and Jackson sts San Francisco n26d1ply

WASHINGTON WATER PIPE MANUFACTURING AND WATER COMPANY,

OF OLYMPIA W T

Incorporated under the Laws of Washington Territory



WE ARE PREPARED TO MANUFACTURE WATER or Gas Pipe of

1½, 2, 3, 4, 6 and 8 Inch Bore.

This Pipe is made in Sections eight feet long rounded in a lathe and connected with a socket joint and banded with iron as shown in the cut to stand any required pressure. The wood is preserved in Asphaltum and is perfectly air and water tight. The Pipe is WARRANTED to give satisfaction. Send for Price List and Circular

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PRESCRIPTIONS A SPECIALTY.

BY SENDING LOCK OF HAIR COLOR OF Eyes and date of birth you will for TWO DOLLARS in green backs receive by return of mail a photograph of future husband or wife place of meeting and date of marriage. Information and advice given on all affairs of life, also, lucky numbers in lotteries tickets

MADAME MOUSSINE

Lock Box 1065 San Francisco, C

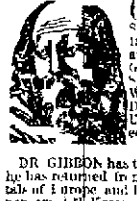
oc[illegible]aw

MEDICAL.

TO THE UNFORTUNATE.

NEW REMEDIES! NEW REMEDIES!

Dr. Gibbon's Dispensary,



623 KEARNEY STREET, CORNER COMMERCIAL, San Francisco. Established in 1854 for the treatment of Sexual and Seminal Diseases, such as Gonorrhea, Gleet, Stricture, Syphilis in all its forms, Seminal Weakness, Impotency, etc. Skin Diseases of years standing and Ulcerated Legs successfully treated

DR GIBBON has the pleasure of announcing that he has returned from visiting the principal hospitals of Europe and has resumed the practice of his Dispensary 623 Kearney street corner of Commercial San Francisco where his old patients and those requiring his services may find him

The Doctor has spared neither time nor money in seeking out new remedies and has returned with increased facilities for the alleviation of suffering

Horrible Diseases.

How many thousands of persons both male and female are there who are dragging out a [illegible] existence from the effects of [illegible] from virus absorbed into the [illegible] impelled [illegible] faces and their broken down constitutions [illegible] the happiness of [illegible] enjoyment of life. In this horrid situation [illegible] suffer until death closes the scene [illegible] tend to those who [illegible] with any of these horrible [illegible] cured for and cured [illegible] too late, Send immediately to DR. GIBBON [illegible] physician who has made private diseases [illegible] study for years, and who is [illegible] without mercury [illegible] drugs. It is important to those who [illegible] or to those who are interested in the [illegible] their friends, to be careful of the many [illegible] who infest all cities publishing [illegible] in a few days [illegible] the public by using the names of eminent [illegible] from Europe and other places [illegible] and make their injury or [illegible] the hands of these charlatans.

Seminal Weakness.

Seminal Emissions [illegible] consequence of self abuse. This solitary vice [illegible] practiced by the [illegible] both sexes to an almost unlimited extent [illegible] with [illegible] the following [illegible] combatted by scientific [illegible] low countenance [illegible] under the eyes, pain in the head ringing in the ears noise like the rustling of leaves and rattling of chariots [illegible] the loins, weakness of the limbs, blunted intellect, loss of confidence approaching strangers a dislike to form any acquaintances, disposition to shun society, loss of memory, hectic flushes pimples and [illegible] tions about the face furred tongue, fetid breath coughs consumption [illegible] frequent insanity. If relief be not [illegible] apply immediately either in person or by letter have a cure effected by his new and [illegible] of treating this disease [illegible] a quick and radical [illegible] Hundred Dollars [illegible] who will prove satisfactorily to him [illegible] complaint by either of the said [illegible]

Married Men.

Or those who contemplate marriage, who [illegible] under any of these [illegible] forget the sacred [illegible] nor delay to obtain [illegible] relief.

DR GIBBON is ready [illegible] and will give each patient a written instruction [illegible] feet a radical and permanent cure or make no charge.

Cured at Home.

Persons at a distance [illegible] CURED AT HOME by addressing a letter to Dr Gibbon, [illegible] symptoms length of time [illegible] and have medicines [illegible] forwarded [illegible] damage and [illegible] part of the [illegible] with full and plain [illegible] Dollars [illegible] office or through Wells [illegible] medicine will be [illegible] any part of the Union. All communications [illegible]

Caution to the Unfortunate.

Beware of the [illegible] quacks and pretenders who, with [illegible] certificates [illegible] the unwary. Some of [illegible] called doctors, whose names are to be found [illegible] the daily and weekly newspapers of San Francisco [illegible] other places, are tradesmen and been [illegible] to work at their trades. Some are tin [illegible] boot makers, or carriers until [illegible] etc. The only way to avoid imposition [illegible] use inquiry—it will cost you nothing and [illegible] save you many [illegible] for as advertising physicians in eight cases out of ten are bogus, there [illegible] in trusting any of them until you know [illegible] what they are. Dr. Gibbon does not deal [illegible] titles certificates [illegible] Dr Gibbon will [illegible] who may call at his office of his ability to cure [illegible] cases that he [illegible] to cure

Address DR J F GIBBON 623 Kearney St corner Commercial [illegible]

REMEMBER TO [illegible] OR [illegible] FER Consultation [illegible]

☞ Correspondents will please inform DR. GIBBON that they read his advertisement in the Daily ORREGONIAN

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the District of Oregon. In the matter of C F Bullock Bankrupt. [illegible] hereby give notice that the final meeting of creditors of said bankrupt will be held at the city of Portland, in said District on the 6th day of August A D, 1874, at 2 o'clock P M at the office of E. B. Northup, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy for the purposes named in the twenty-seventh section of the Bankrupt Act of March 2 1867. I also give notice that I will file my final account as Assignee of said estate in said Court and on the 6th day of August 1874 I shall apply to said Court for the settlement of my said account and for a discharge from all liabilities as Assignee of said estate, in accordance with the provisions of the twenty-eighth section of the Bankrupt Act of March 2 1867

JOSEPH BACHMAN, Assignee.

jy14d1aw [illegible]

IN U S DISTRICT COURT FOR DISTRICT of Oregon. District of Oregon.—In the matter of F McHenry, bankrupt. [illegible] I hereby give notice that a [illegible] the creditors of H. H. [illegible] bankrupt will be [illegible] office of Ransom Northup Esq Register in [illegible] in said District No [illegible] on the 28th day of July [illegible] at 11 o'clock A M for the purposes named in the 28th section of the Bankrupt Act approved March 2, 1867 when I shall file my final account and [illegible] a discharge from all liabilities as assignee of [illegible] bankrupt's estate.

JOHN CATLIN Assignee.

Portland July 3 1874

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the District of Oregon.—In the matter of W T Callihan bankrupt. In Bankruptcy. This is to give notice that I have filed my final account as Assignee of the estate of W T Callihan bankrupt. That a final general meeting of creditors for the purposes named in the twenty-eighth section of the Bankrupt Act of March 2 1867 will be held at the office of E B Northup Esq Register in Bankruptcy Room 8 Dekum's building Portland Oregon on the 28th day of July A D 1874 at 10 o'clock A M at which time I shall apply for my discharge from all liabilities as Assignee of said estate.

H BOYD Assignee.

Portland July 6 1874

HOUSE MOVING.

HAVING A FULL SET OF IMPROVED MACHINERY for raising and moving Buildings and other heavy bodies and having full experience in the business I am prepared to do the same with dispatch. Those having such will please consult with me before letting contracts. Residence and office southeast corner of Sixth and Alder streets.

WM O ALLEN

my13daw3m

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3,000 KEGS ASSORTED GRADES NOW landing ex Jane A. Falkinburg, 14 days from Honolulu will be offered to the trade

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EASTERN NEWS.

The Chicago Fire—Boundaries of the Conflagration—A Splendid Speech by the Governor.

[illegible]

Later.

[illegible]

The Burnt District.

[illegible]

Another Disastrous Fire.

[illegible]

Destructive Fire in Oshkosh, Wis.

[illegible]

The Beecher-Tilton Affair on Trial

[illegible]

What Mr. Jewell Says.

[illegible]

CANADA.

Supposed Loss of a Pleasure Yacht

[illegible]

A CINCINNATI PULPIT ORATOR

[illegible]